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**International
Baccalaureate
Qualification
Analysis
2005 entry**

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Glossary

Accept – applicant has satisfied any conditions specified by institution and made commitment to take up the place

Age – age of applicant (in years) at the end of the September before entry to higher education. Presented in 11 categories (data may not reflect this given the age of applicants applying to HE).

Conditional Offer – an offer given to an applicant on the basis of the results of a qualification pending

Disability – Applicants are asked to declare any disability on the UCAS application. Provision of this information is voluntary and applicants are advised that they may choose to inform directly the HEIs to which they apply.

Ethnic Group – applicants are asked to record their ethnic origin on the UCAS application. Provision of this information is voluntary and it is not passed to HEIs until after the selection process. Ethnicity is summarised into broad groupings and is only available for those for whom the UK is the area of permanent residence and therefore a high proportion of unknowns appear within this analysis.

EU – European Union

Fee Status – applicants are classified as having “home” or “overseas” fee status dependent on their nationality and where they have been resident in the previous three years. Those with “home” fee status, including EU nationals, would be able to apply to be assessed for student support. Those with “overseas” fee status would be charged full fees by the institution concerned.

Freq – Frequency

Gender – Male/Female

HE – Higher Education

HEI – Higher Education Institution

IBO – International Baccalaureate Organization

IB – International Baccalaureate

JACS – Joint Academic Coding System – the system used to allocate codes to courses subjects

Mainscheme – the UCAS mainscheme through which applicants can apply for up to six choices

Mature – applicants aged 21 or above

Non EU – declared area of permanent residence outside of the European Union

Preferred Subject Line - where more than one subject area is applied to by the same applicant, the subject group listed most frequently on the original application is counted.

Received Offer – applications that received either a conditional or unconditional offer

Region – applicant region is based on the declared area of permanent residence

School Type – applicant's previous school or college type, derived from the National Schools Register. If an applicant has not applied directly from a school or college, the school type is unknown. The unknown group also includes some applicants from miscellaneous agencies, such as careers offices. Educational background data are available only for those for whom the UK is their area of permanent residence and therefore a high proportion of unknowns appear within this analysis.

Socio-economic status – uses the Standard Occupational Classification 2000, assigned based on applicant's parental occupation (or the occupation of the person contributing the highest income to the household if the applicant is aged 21 years or over) and uses a simplified version of the National Statistics Socio-economic Classification. Provision of this information is voluntary and it is not passed to HEIs until after the selection process. Socio-economic status data are only available for those for whom the UK is their area of permanent residence and therefore a high proportion of unknowns appear within this analysis.

UK – United Kingdom

Unsuccessful - applications that were rejected and also applications that did not receive a decision (eg if the application to the institution concerned was cancelled)

Introduction and structure of report

This report explores three strands of data to address the following objectives set out by the IBO:-

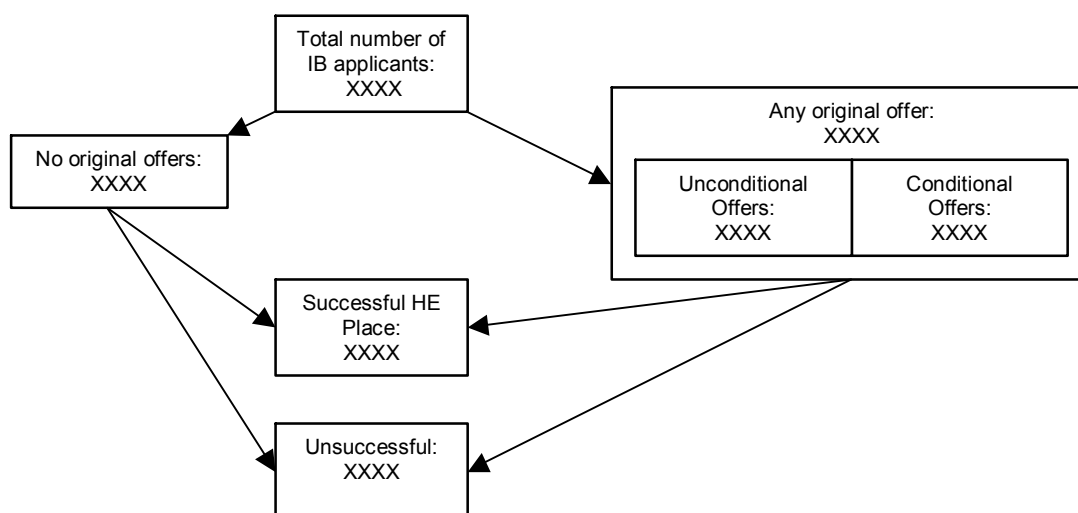
- To investigate the patterns of offer-making to IB applicants
- To determine whether there are any differences in the success of IB applicants according to the subject line applied to
- To provide a profile of IB applicants
- To compare the success of IB applicants in terms of gaining offers/places with all other UCAS applicants

The strands of data are as follows:-

Offers data

This section investigates whether an offer was made and whether applicants subsequently took up a HE place. The process is illustrated below and is considered sufficient to assess the success of IB applicants.

Figure 1 Applicants, Applications and Acceptances



Following extraction of IB applicants from the applicant database, the original institution decision (received offer/unsuccessful) was extracted and examined to determine whether there were differences in results according to:

- Domicile (UK, EU or Non EU)
- Preferred subject line - aggregated course level based on JACS codes (eg A1 for medicine - see Appendix A for full list). The top ten subject lines for IB applicants were used for this report;
- Type of institution (a minimum of six HEIs was required in subsets in order to protect their data);

Profiling of IB and Non IB applicants

This section includes information on the following variables:

Age

Gender

Disability

Socio-economic status

Ethnic Group

School Type

Region

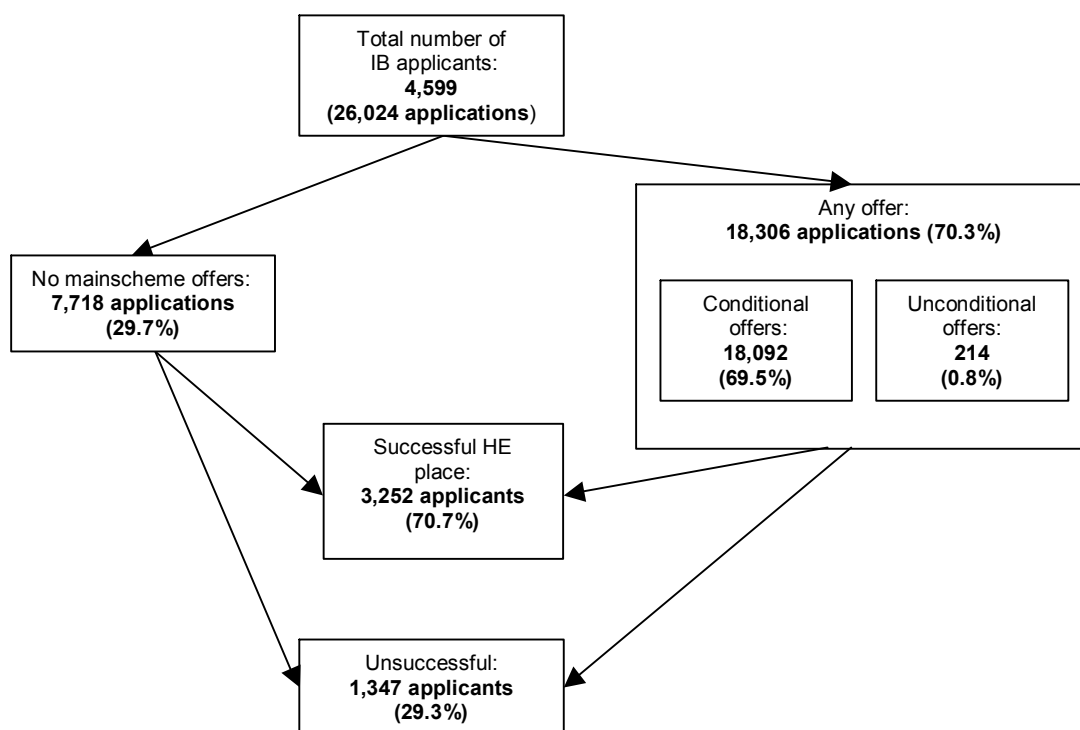
Summary

A summary of the data trends.

Offers Data

In 2005, there were 26,024 applications through UCAS from 4,599 applicants taking an IB. The breakdown between applications that received offers, applicants that achieved a HE place and unsuccessful applicants is illustrated below. As applicants can make up to six choices, it is possible for them to be in receipt of a number of offers, either conditional or unconditional, and therefore data on offers is presented in terms of **applications** rather than applicants.

Figure 2 Applicants, Applications and Acceptances IB



A total of 26,024 applications were made by IB applicants. Of these applications, 18,306 (70.3%) received an offer through the UCAS mainscheme. 18,092 (69.5%) applications received a conditional offer and 214 (0.8%) applications received an unconditional offer. Of the 4,599 applicants making an application, 70.7% (3,252 applicants) successfully gained a HE place.

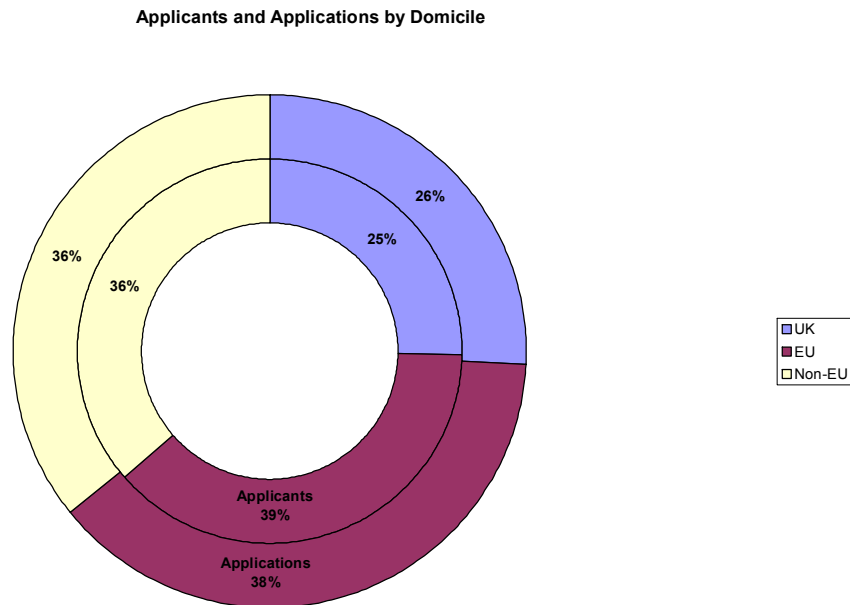
Domicile

Domicile has been grouped into three categories; UK domiciled, EU and non EU (other overseas). Table 1.1 and Chart 1.1 show the numbers and proportion of applicants and applications by each category.

Table 1.1 Applicants and Applications by Domicile IB

Applicant Domicile	Applicants	Applications
UK	1,168	6,710
EU	1,763	9,962
Non EU	1,668	9,352
Grand Total	4,599	26,024

Chart 1.1 Proportion of IB Applicants and Applications by Domicile



It can be seen from the table and chart that the majority of IB applicants through UCAS were domiciled overseas. UK domiciled IB applicants only accounted for a quarter of IB applicants and applications.

The success of IB applications in terms of offers received can be seen in Table 1.2 below.

Table 1.2 Applications Receipt of Offers by Domicile IB

Domicile	Received Offer		Unsuccessful		n=
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications	
UK	4,695	18.0	2,015	7.7	6,710
EU	6,761	26.0	3,201	12.3	9,962
Non-EU	6,850	26.3	2,502	9.6	9,352
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	7,718	29.7	26,024

This indicates that applications from applicants domiciled outside the EU were most likely to receive offers and those Non-UK EU domiciled applicants were the least likely to receive offers.

Table 1.3 shows the number of IB applicants whose applications resulted in them achieving an acceptance at a UK HEI.

Table 1.3 IB Accepted Applicants by Domicile

Domicile	Applicants	Accepted	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
UK	1,168	995	85.2	30.6
EU	1,763	1,239	70.3	38.1
Non EU	1,668	1,018	61.0	31.3
Grand Total	4,599	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=3,252

3,252 IB applicants (70.7%) successfully achieved a place at a UK HEI. UK domiciled IB applicants had the most success with 85.2% of applicants achieving an accepted place (having satisfied any conditions specified by institution and committed to taking up the place). Non EU applicants had the least success with only 61.0% of applicants achieving an accepted place. This may be as a result of deciding to take up an offer of a HE place in another country. EU applicants accounted for the greatest proportion of accepted applicants (1,239: 38.1%) with UK applicants receiving 30.6% and Non EU achieving 31.3%.

Subject lines

Table 2.1 shows the top ten preferred subject lines for all IB applicants.

Table 2.1 Preferred subject lines IB

Subject Line	Applicants	% Applicants
M1 - Law by Area	323	7.0
N2 - Management studies	321	7.0
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	268	5.8
L1 - Economics	194	4.2
C8 - Psychology	158	3.4
L2 - Politics	144	3.1
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	131	2.8
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	123	2.7
N1 - Business studies	115	2.5
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	109	2.4
All other subject lines	2,713	59.0
Grand Total	4,599	100.0

n=4,599

For all IB applicants M1 - Law by Area and N2 - Management Studies were the most popular subject lines.

Tables 2.2-2.4 show the preferred subject lines by UK, EU and non EU IB applicants (derived from the applicant region field),

Table 2.2 Preferred subject lines UK IB

Subject Line	Applicants	% Applicants
M1 - Law by Area	79	6.8
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	62	5.3
C8 - Psychology	53	4.5
Q3 - English studies	49	4.2
N2 - Management studies	44	3.8
V1 - History by Period	37	3.2
Y Combs of languages with arts/humanities	34	2.9
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	34	2.9
L1 - Economics	31	2.7
C1 - Biology	31	2.7
All other subject lines	714	61.1
Grand Total	1,168	100.0

n=1,168

Table 2.3 Preferred subject lines EU IB

Subject Line	Applicants	% Applicants
N2 - Management studies	138	7.8
M1 - Law by Area	115	6.5
L1 - Economics	79	4.5
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	79	4.5
L2 - Politics	76	4.3
C8 - Psychology	68	3.9
N1 - Business studies	65	3.7
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	54	3.1
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	54	3.1

Subject Line	Applicants	% Applicants
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	44	2.5
All other subject lines	991	56.2
Grand Total	1,763	100.0

n=1,763

Table 2.4 Preferred subject lines Non EU IB

Subject Line	Applicants	% Applicants
N2 - Management studies	139	8.3
M1 - Law by Area	129	7.7
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	127	7.6
L1 - Economics	84	5.0
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	64	3.8
L2 - Politics	50	3.0
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	50	3.0
H8 - Chemical, Process and Energy Engineering	43	2.6
N1 - Business studies	38	2.3
C8 - Psychology	37	2.2
All other subject lines	907	54.4
Grand Total	1,668	100.0

n=1,668

Whilst M1- Law by Area was overall the most popular preferred subject choice for all IB applicants (7.0%) and IB applicants domiciled in the UK (6.8%), for both those IB applicants domiciled in the EU and non EU, N2 - Management Studies was the most popular subject line (7.8% and 8.3% respectively). N2 - Management Studies was a less popular subject line amongst UK domiciled IB applicants (3.8%).

Table 2.5 presents the ranking frequencies of subjects appearing in tables 2.1-2.4 to give an overall picture of the popularity of subjects across all IB applicants.

Table 2.5 Applicants Ranking Frequency of Subject Lines IB

Code	Subject line	All	UK	EU	Non EU
M1	Law by area	1	1	2	2
N2	Management studies	1	5	1	1
A1	Pre-clinical medicine	3	2	3	3
L1	Economics	4	9	3	4
C8	Psychology	5	3	6	10
L2	Politics	6		5	6
LL	Combinations within Social Studies	7		8	6
H3	Mechanical Engineering	8		10	5
N1	Business Studies	9		7	9
Y	Combinations of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	10	7	8	
Q3	English Studies		4		
V1	History by period		6		
Y	Combinations of languages with arts/humanities		7		
C1	Biology		9		
H8	Chemical process and Energy Engineering				8

There was a difference in the most popular subjects dependent on the region IB applicants were domiciled in. Engineering was more popular with non EU and EU applicants with arts and humanities more popular for UK domiciled applicants.

Table 2.6 shows the number of applications made by IB applicants to the top 10 subject lines.

Table 2.6 Applications by Subject IB

Subject Line	Applications	% Applications
M1 - Law by Area	1,820	7.0
N2 - Management studies	1,722	6.6
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	1,097	4.2
L1 - Economics	1,207	4.6
C8 - Psychology	912	3.5
L2 - Politics	889	3.4
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	866	3.3
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	689	2.6
N1 - Business studies	997	3.8
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	904	3.5
All other subject lines	14,921	57.3
Grand Total	26,024	100.0

n=26,024

7.0% of all IB applications were for M1: Law by Area, a further 6.6% were for N2 - Management studies. It should be noted that A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine appears a less popular choice for applications (4.2%) compared to applicants (5.8%). This may be due to the number of applications (4.2%) to Medicine per application being limited to four.

Tables 2.7-2.9 show the subject lines of applications by UK, EU and non EU IB applicants (derived from the applicant region field).

Table 2.7 Applications by Subject IB UK

Subject Line	Applications	% Applications
M1 - Law by Area	442	6.6
C8 - Psychology	313	4.7
Q3 - English studies	286	4.3
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	259	3.9
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	253	3.8
V1 - History by Period	234	3.5
N2 - Management studies	226	3.4
Y Combs of languages with arts/humanities	223	3.3
L1 - Economics	199	3.0
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with languages	184	2.7
All other subject lines	4,091	61.0
Grand Total	6,710	100.0

n=6,710

Table 2.8 Applications by Subject IB EU

Subject Line	Applications	% Applications
N2 - Management studies	767	7.7
M1 - Law by Area	641	6.4
N1 - Business studies	532	5.3
L1 - Economics	521	5.2
L2 - Politics	438	4.4
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	413	4.1
C8 - Psychology	390	3.9
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	382	3.8
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	333	3.3
K1 - Architecture	250	2.5
All other subject lines	5,295	53.2
Grand Total	9,962	100.0

n=9,962

Table 2.9 Applications by Subject IB Non EU

Subject Line	Applications	% Applications
M1 - Law by Area	737	7.9
N2 - Management studies	729	7.8
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	511	5.5
L1 - Economics	487	5.2
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	364	3.9
N1 - Business studies	352	3.8
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	332	3.6
L2 - Politics	315	3.4
NN - Combinations within Business & Admin Studies	280	3.0
H6 - Electronic and Electrical Engineering	246	2.6
All other subject lines	4,999	53.5
Grand Total	9,352	100.0

n=9,352

In terms of applications, M1 - Law by Area was the most popular subject choice for UK and Non EU applicants, with N2 - Management Studies the most popular subject choice for EU applicants. N2 - Management Studies was less popular with UK applicants (3.4% of applications and 3.8% of applicants preferred subject line).

Table 2.10 presents the ranking frequencies of subjects appearing in tables 2.6-2.9 to give an overall picture of the popularity of subjects across all IB applications.

Table 2.10 Applications Ranking Frequency of Subject Lines IB

Code	Subject line	All	UK	EU	Non EU
M1	Law by Area	1	1	2	1
N2	Management studies	2	7	1	2
A1	Pre-clinical Medicine	4	5	9	3
L1	Economics	3	9	4	4
C8	Psychology	7	2	7	
L2	Politics	8		5	8
LL	Combinations within Social Studies	9		8	7
H3	Mechanical Engineering	10			5
N1	Business studies	5		3	6
Y	Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	7	4	6	
Q3	English studies		3		
V1	History by Period		6		
Y	Combinations of languages with arts/humanities		8		
Y	Combinations of Social Studies/bus/law with languages		10		
K1	Architecture			10	
NN	Combinations within Business & Admin Studies				9
H6	Electronic and Electrical Engineering				10

In terms of applications, engineering was more popular for non EU applicants with arts and humanities again more popular for UK applicants.

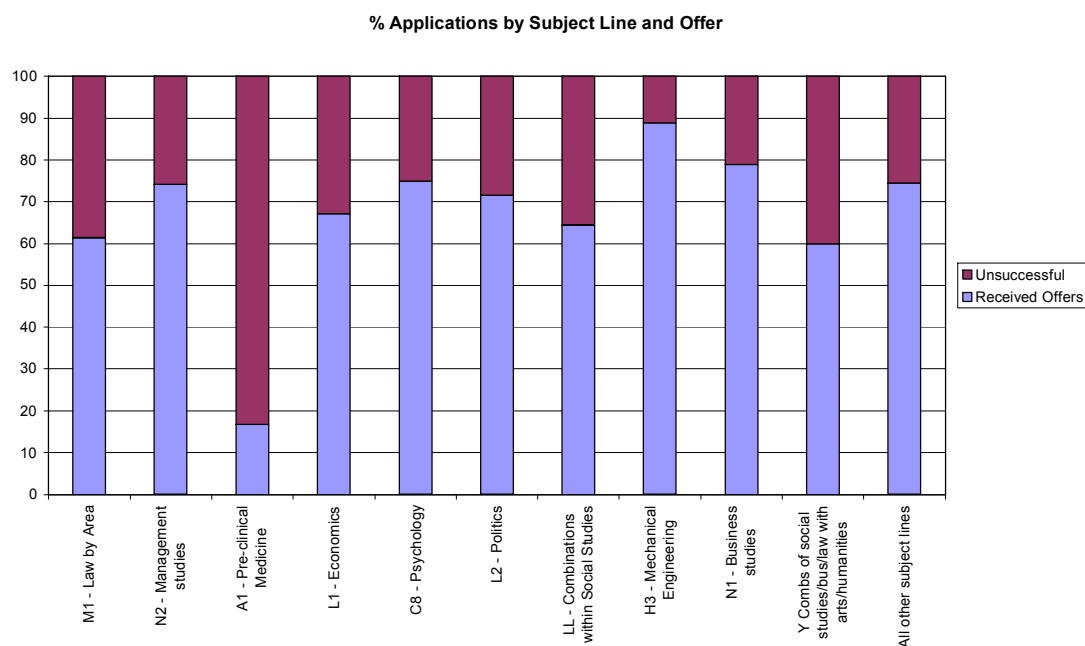
Table 2.11 shows the decision from institutions by most popular subject line for all IB applications. Chart 2.1 shows the percentage of applications to each of the top ten subject lines by the decision of the institution applied to.

Table 2.11 Whether Applications Received Offer by Subject IB

Subject Line	Received Offer	% Subject Line	
		Unsuccessful	Received Offer
M1 - Law by Area	1,117	61.4	38.6
N2 - Management studies	1,277	74.2	25.8
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	184	16.8	83.2
L1 - Economics	810	67.1	32.9
C8 - Psychology	683	74.9	25.1
L2 - Politics	636	71.5	28.5
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	558	64.4	35.6
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	612	88.8	11.2
N1 - Business studies	787	78.9	21.1
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	542	60.0	40.0
All other subject lines	11,100	74.4	25.6
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	29.7

n=26,024

Chart 2.1



70.3% of applications from IB applicants received offers, with 29.7% of applications unsuccessful. In the case of H3 - Mechanical Engineering, 88.8% of applications received an offer. A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine received the lowest proportion of offers with 83.2% unsuccessful applications.

Table 2.12 Whether Applications Received Offer by Subject IB UK

Subject Line	Received Offer	% Subject Line	Unsuccessful	% Subject Line
M1 - Law by Area	238	53.8	204	46.2
C8 - Psychology	238	76.0	75	24.0
Q3 - English studies	167	58.4	119	41.6
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	159	61.4	100	38.6
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	72	28.5	181	71.5
V1 - History by Period	127	54.3	107	45.7
N2 - Management studies	160	70.8	66	29.2

Subject Line	Received Offer	% Subject Line	Unsuccessful	% Subject Line
Y Combs of languages with arts/humanities	150	67.3	73	32.7
L1 - Economics	139	69.8	60	30.2
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with languages	142	77.2	42	22.8
All other subject lines	3,103	75.8	988	24.2
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

n=6,710

Chart 2.2

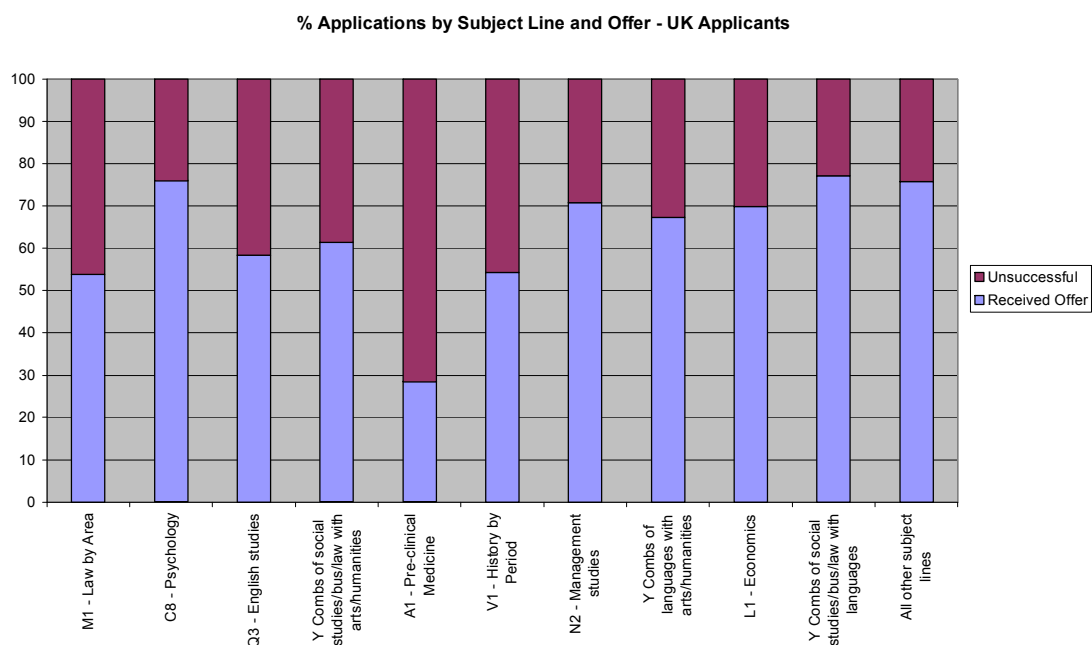


Table 2.13 Whether Applications Received Offer by Subject IB EU

Subject Line	Received Offer	% Subject Line	Unsuccessful	%
N2 - Management studies	546	71.2	221	
M1 - Law by Area	342	53.4	299	
L1 - Economics	343	65.8	178	
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	31	9.3	302	
L2 - Politics	294	67.1	144	
C8 - Psychology	281	72.1	109	
N1 - Business studies	422	79.3	110	
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	223	58.4	159	
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	225	54.5	188	
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	216	88.9	27	
All other subject lines	3,838	72.4	1,464	
Grand Total	6,761	67.9	3,201	

n=9,962

Chart 2.3

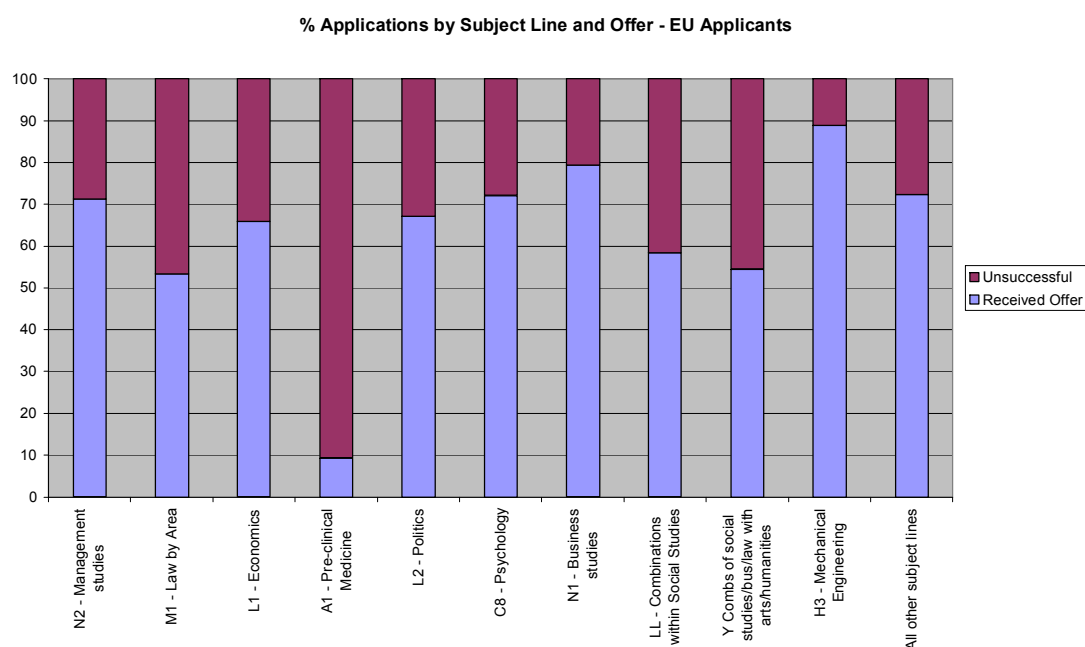


Table 2.14 Whether Applications Received Offer by Subject IB non EU

Subject Line	Received Offer	% Subject Line	Unsuccessful	% Subject Line
N2 - Management studies	571	78.3	158	21.7
M1 - Law by Area	537	72.9	200	27.1
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	81	15.9	430	84.1
L1 - Economics	328	67.4	159	32.6
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	331	90.9	33	9.1
L2 - Politics	250	79.4	65	20.6
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	229	69.0	103	31.0
H8 - Chemical, Process and Energy Engineering	225	93.0	17	6.0
N1 - Business studies	279	79.3	73	20.7
C8 - Psychology	164	78.5	45	21.5
All other subject lines	3,855	76.0	1,219	24.0
Grand Total	6,850	73.2	2,502	26.8

n=9,352

Table 2.15 presents the ranking frequencies of subjects appearing in tables 2.11-2.14 to give an overall picture of the popularity of subjects across all IB applications receiving offers.

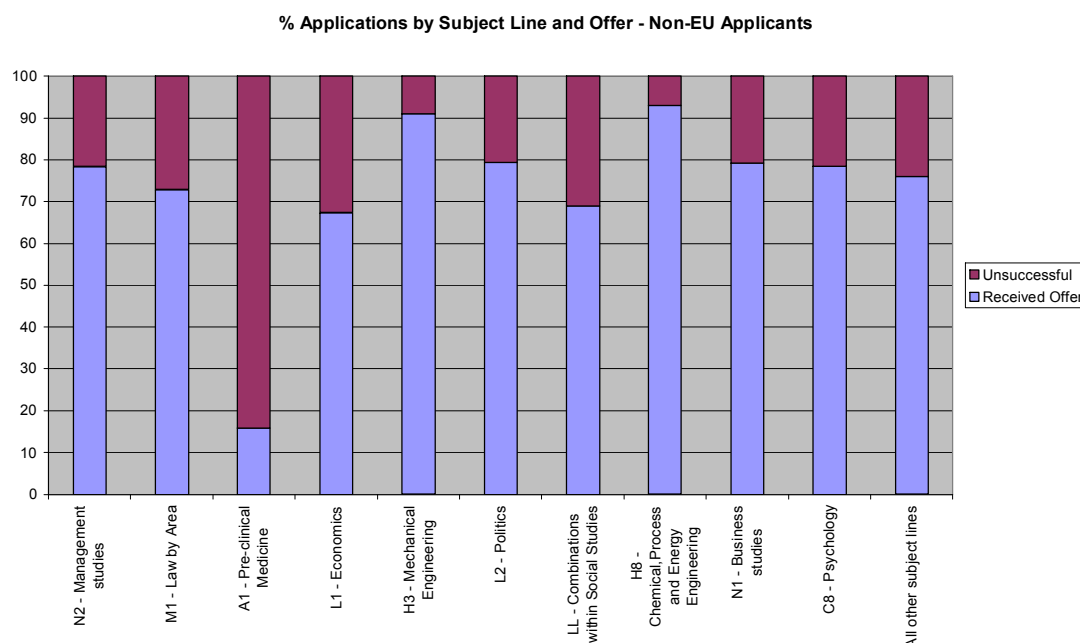
Table 2.15 Applications Receiving Offer Ranking Frequency of Subject Lines IB

Code	Subject line	All	UK	EU	Non EU
M1	Law by Area	2	1	4	2
N2	Management studies	1	4	1	1
A1	Pre-clinical Medicine	10	10	10	10
L1	Economics	3	8	3	4
C8	Psychology	5	2	6	9
L2	Politics	6		5	6
LL	Combinations within Social Studies	8		8	7
H3	Mechanical Engineering	7		9	3
N1	Business studies	4	5	2	5
Y	Combinations of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	9			
Q3	English studies		3		
Y	Combinations of languages with arts/humanities		6	7	

Code	Subject line	All	UK	EU	Non EU
Y	Combinations of social studies/bus/law with languages		7		
V1	History by Period		9		
H8	Chemical, Process and Energy Engineering				8

In terms of applications receiving offers, engineering was again more popular amongst non EU and EU applicants with UK applicants favouring arts and humanities.

Chart 2.4



Although 61.4% of all IB applications to M1 - Law by Area received offers, 72.9% of non EU IB applications received offers, compared to 53.4 % of EU applications and 53.8% of UK applications. A Chi squared test was carried out on applications for M1 – Law by Area with the null hypothesis that there is no difference in the way applications from IB applicants from across the globe were treated. This resulted in a test statistic of 79.4 with two degrees of freedom and the null hypothesis was rejected ie there is a statistically significant difference in the way applications to M1 – Law by Area were treated.

A similar position can be seen for N2 - Management Studies where overall 74.2% of IB applications received offers, 70.8% of UK IB applications received offers, 71.2% of EU IB applications received offers but 78.3% of Non EU IB applications received offers. A Chi squared test was again carried out with the same null hypothesis that there is no difference in the way applications from IB applicants from across the globe were treated. This resulted in a test statistic of 11.5 with two degrees of freedom and the null hypothesis was again rejected ie there is a statistically significant difference in the way applications to N2 – Management Studies were treated.

The disparity in the treatment of applications from IB applicants outside the EU for these two subject areas may be related to the difference in fee status attributed to the applicants.

Considering A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine there was a converse position, whilst 16.8% of all IB applications received offers, only 9.3% of EU IB applicants and 15.9% of Non EU IB applicants received offers compared to 28.5% of UK IB applications. Again, a Chi squared test was carried out with the null hypothesis that there is no difference in the way applications from IB applicants from across the globe were treated. This resulted in

a test statistic of 38.3 with two degrees of freedom and the null hypothesis was rejected ie there is a statistically significant difference in the way applicants to A1 – Pre-clinical Medicine were treated. This may be caused by the fact that medical schools are limited in the numbers of overseas students they are able to admit due to financial constraints (source: Council of Heads of Medical Schools).

Table 2.16 shows the number of accepted applicants by the top ten preferred subject lines, the proportion of all accepted applicants by each subject line and the percentage of applicants accepted to their preferred subject line.

Table 2.16 Accepted Applicants by Subject IB

Subject Line	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
M1 - Law by Area	236	73.1	7.3
N2 - Management studies	233	72.6	7.2
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	140	52.2	4.3
L1 - Economics	132	68.0	4.1
C8 - Psychology	110	69.6	3.4
L2 - Politics	112	77.8	3.4
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	95	72.5	2.9
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	89	72.4	2.7
N1 - Business studies	74	64.3	2.3
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	86	78.9	2.6
All other subject lines	1,945	71.7	59.8
Grand Total	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=3,252

For all IB applicants, those applying to Y Combinations of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities were the most likely to be accepted with 78.9% of applicants being accepted. Applications to L2 - Politics were the second most likely to be accepted, with 77.8% of applicants accepted. For A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine, only 52.2% of applicants were accepted.

Due to the large numbers of applicants to M1 - Law by Area and N2 - Management Studies, these subjects had the highest proportions of accepted applicants.

Table 2.17 Accepted Applicants by Subject IB UK

Subject Line	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
M1 - Law by Area	68		86.1
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	53		85.5
C8 - Psychology	47		88.7
Q3 - English studies	39		79.6
N2 - Management studies	37		84.1
V1 - History by Period	33		89.2
Y Combs of languages with arts/humanities	29		85.3
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	29		85.3
L1 - Economics	28		90.3
C1 - Biology	31		100.0
All other subject lines	601		84.2
Total	995		85.2

n = 995

Table 2.18 Accepted Applicants by Subject IB EU

Subject Line	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
N2 - Management studies	105	76.1	8.5
M1 - Law by Area	82	71.3	6.6
L1 - Economics	56	70.9	4.5
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	26	32.9	2.1
L2 - Politics	64	84.2	5.2
C8 - Psychology	49	72.1	4.0
N1 - Business studies	43	66.2	3.5
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	39	72.2	3.1
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	40	74.1	3.2
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	36	81.8	2.9
All other subject lines	699	70.5	56.4
Grand Total	1,239	70.3	100.0

n=1,239

Table 2.19 Accepted Applicants by Subject IB Non EU

Subject Line	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
N2 - Management studies	91	65.5	8.9
M1 - Law by Area	86	66.7	8.4
A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine	61	48.0	6.0
L1 - Economics	48	57.1	4.7
H3 - Mechanical Engineering	43	67.2	4.2
L2 - Politics	32	64.0	3.1
LL - Combinations within Social Studies	32	64.0	3.1
H8 - Chemical Process and Energy Engineering	33	76.7	3.2
N1 - Business studies	23	60.5	2.3
C8 - Psychology	14	37.8	1.4
All other subject lines	555	61.2	54.5
Grand Total	1,018	61.0	100.0

n=1,018

Considering Tables 2.17-2.19 there appear to be marked differences in conversion rates of application to acceptance by subject line between UK, EU and non EU IB applicants. This apparent disparity is most noticeable in A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine (85.5% UK, 32.9% EU and 48.0% Non EU) and C8 - Psychology (88.7% UK, 72.1% EU and 67.8% Non EU), illustrated in Charts 2.5 and 2.6 below.

Chart 2.5

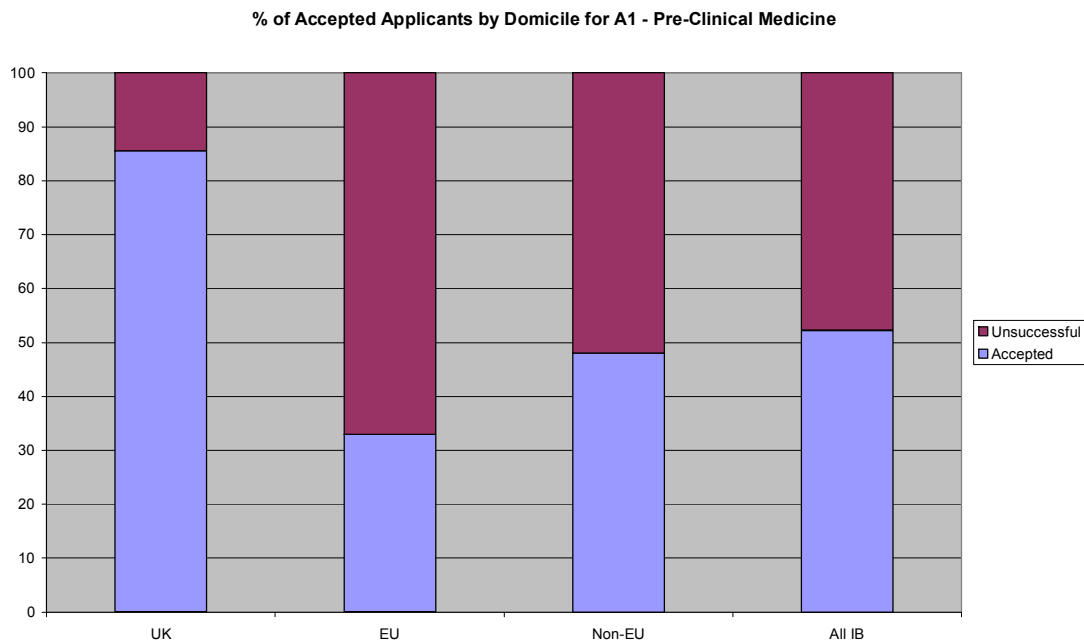
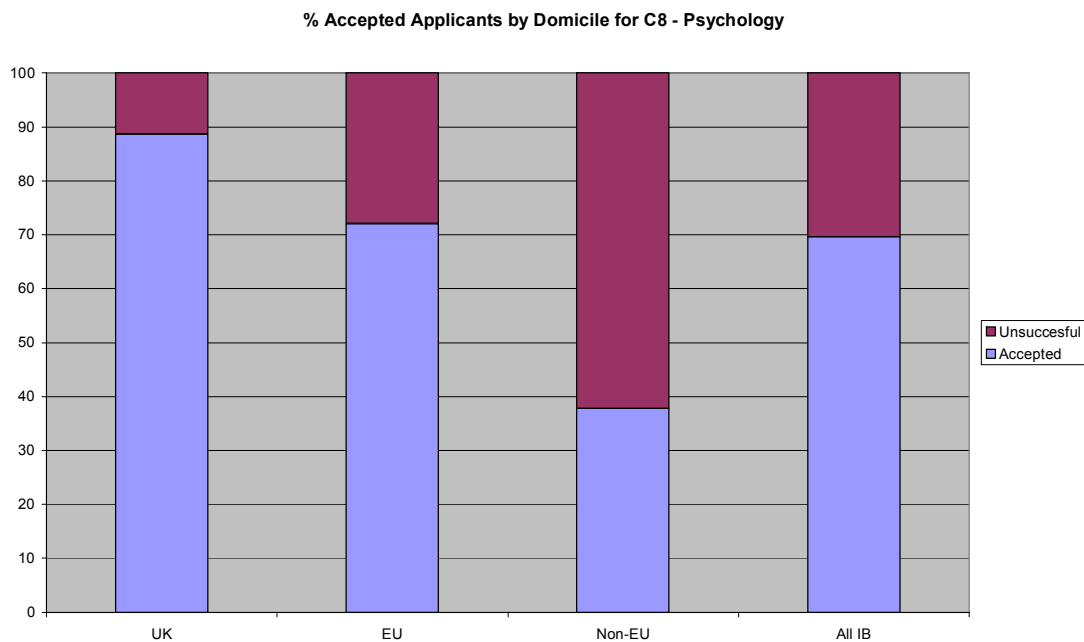


Chart 2.6



A Chi squared test was carried out for A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine with the null hypothesis that there was no difference in treatment of IB applicants from across the globe. This used the number of applicants with A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine as their preferred subject choice (from Tables 2.2-2.4) and the numbers of accepted applicants from Tables 2.14-2.16). The test statistic was 40.2 with two degrees of freedom and the null hypothesis was rejected. A Chi squared test was also carried out for C8 - Psychology with the same null hypothesis using data from the tables as above. The test statistic was 27.0 with two degrees of freedom and again the null hypothesis was rejected. In other words, the proportion of applicants accepted on to A1 - Pre-Clinical Medicine and C8 -Psychology significantly differs for IB applicants from the UK, EU and non EU.

It should be noted that the preferred subject line was allocated on the basis of the original applications made by applicants rather than the subject they were ultimately accepted. For example, of all accepted applicants with the preferred subject line A1 -

Pre-clinical Medicine (140), only 75 were actually accepted for A1, 25 were accepted for subjects allied to medicine and a further 40 were accepted in to other subject areas. Of the 100 applicants that were ultimately accepted for C8 - Psychology, only 82 had applied with this as their preferred subject line.

Table 2.20 presents the ranking frequencies of subjects appearing in tables 2.16-2.19 to give an overall picture of the popularity of subjects across all IB accepted applicants.

Table 2.20 Accepted Applicants Ranking Frequency of Subject Lines IB

Code	Subject Line	All	UK	EU	Non EU
M1	Law by Area	1	1	2	2
N2	Management studies	2	6	1	1
A1	Pre-clinical Medicine	3	2	10	3
L1	Economics	4	10	4	4
C8	Psychology	6	3	5	10
L2	Politics	6		3	8
LL	Combinations within Social Studies	7		8	8
H3	Mechanical Engineering	8		9	5
Y	Combinations of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities	9	9	7	
N1	Business studies	10		6	9
Q3	English studies		4		
V1	History by Period		6		
C1	Biology		7		
Y	Combs of languages with arts/humanities				
H8	Chemical Process and Energy Engineering				6

In terms of accepted applicants, engineering was again more popular amongst non EU and EU applicants with UK applicants favouring arts and humanities.

Institution Types

Due to confidentiality constraints, UCAS is unable to provide data at institutional level. However HEIs have been grouped to examine whether there were differences in the treatment of IB applicants between these groups. The institutional type groupings were supplied by IBO (Appendix B).

Table 3.1 shows the number of applications made by IB applicants to each institution type and Chart 3.1 shows the proportion of all applications by institution type.

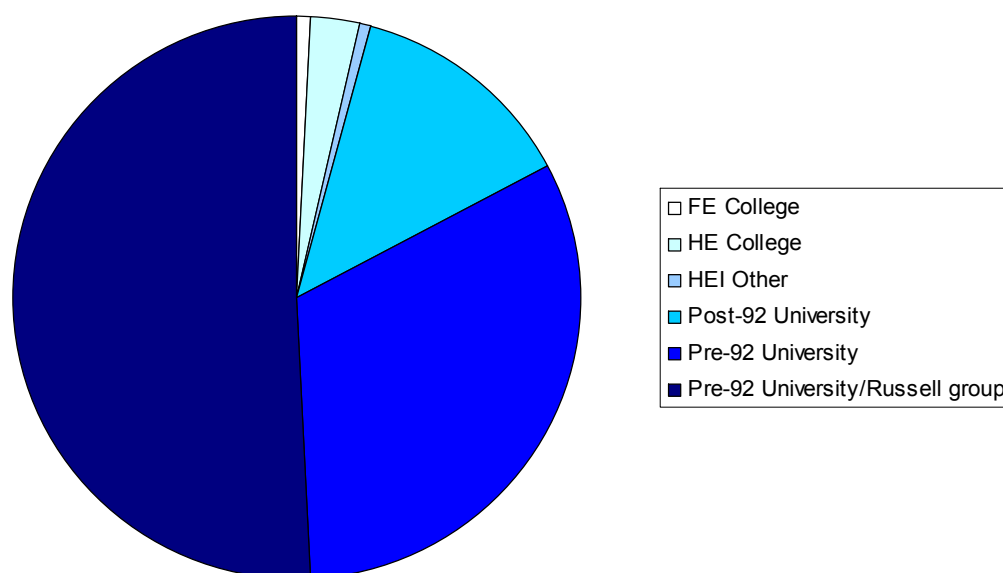
Table 3.1 Applications by Institution Type IB

Institution Type	Applications	% Applications
FE College	194	0.7
HE College	742	2.9
HEI Other	153	0.6
Post-92 University	3,401	13.1
Pre-92 University	8,275	31.8
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	13,259	50.9
Grand Total	26,024	100.0

n=26,024

Chart 3.1

Applications by Institution type



50.9% of applications from IB students were made to Pre-92 University/Russell Group institutions. There was also a large proportion of applications to Pre-92 University institutions (8,275 applications: 31.8% of total applications) with HEI Other and FE Colleges receiving smaller numbers of applications (153 applications: 0.6% of total applications and 194 applications: 0.7% of total applications respectively).

Tables 3.2-3.4 show applications by institution type from IB applicants in the UK, EU and non EU regions.

Table 3.2 Applications by Institution Type UK IB

Institution Type	Applications	% Applications
FE College	62	0.9
HE College	232	3.5

Institution Type	Applications	% Applications
HEI Other	15	0.2
Post-92 University	955	14.2
Pre-92 University	2,295	34.2
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	3,151	47.0
Grand Total	6,710	100.0

n=6,710

Table 3.3 Applications by Institution Type EU IB

Institution Type	Applications	% Applications
FE College	82	0.8
HE College	335	3.4
HEI Other	73	0.7
Post-92 University	1,477	14.8
Pre-92 University	3,402	34.1
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	4,593	46.1
Grand Total	9,962	100.0

n=9,962

Table 3.4 Applications by Institution Type non EU IB

Institution Type	Applications	% Applications
FE College	50	0.5
HE College	175	1.9
HEI Other	65	0.7
Post-92 University	969	10.4
Pre-92 University	2,578	27.6
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	5,515	59.0
Grand Total	9,352	100.0

n=9,352

Whilst Pre-92 University/Russell Group institutions received the most applications across all IB applicants (50.9%), 59.0% of non EU IB applications were to Pre-92 University/Russell Group institutions compared to 47.0% for UK applicants and 46.1% for EU applicants.

Table 3.5 shows the whether applications from IB students were successful by institution type.

Table 3.5 Whether Applications Received Offer by Institution Type IB

Institution Type	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
FE College	114	0.4	80	0.3
HE College	460	1.8	282	1.1
HEI Other	121	0.5	32	0.1
Post-92 University	2,810	10.8	591	2.3
Pre-92 University	6,738	25.9	1,537	5.9
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	8,063	31.0	5,196	19.9
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	7,718	29.6

n=26,024

From Table 3.5, of the 70.3% of IB applications receiving offers, 31.0% received offers from Pre-92 University/Russell Group institutions type. NB 50.9% of applications from IB students were made to this institution type (Table 2.2). 25.9% of IB applications received

offers from Pre-92 Universities with only 5.9% applications unsuccessful at this institution type.

Table 3.6 Whether Applications Received Offer by Institution Type UK IB

Institution Type	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
FE College	36	0.5	26	0.4
HE College	160	2.4	72	1.1
HEI Other	9	0.1	6	0.1
Post-92 University	744	11.1	211	3.1
Pre-92 University	1,794	26.7	501	7.5
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	1,952	29.1	1,199	17.9
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,013	30.0

n=6,710

Table 3.7 Whether Applications Received Offer by Institution Type EU IB

Institution Type	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
FE College	48	0.5	34	0.3
HE College	187	1.9	148	1.5
HEI Other	57	0.6	16	0.2
Post-92 University	1,254	12.6	223	2.2
Pre-92 University	2,778	27.9	624	6.3
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	2,437	24.5	2,156	21.6
Grand Total	6,761	67.9	3,201	32.1

n=9,962

Table 3.8 Whether Applications Received Offer by Institution Type Non EU IB

Institution Type	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
FE College	30	0.3	20	0.2
HE College	113	1.2	62	0.7
HEI Other	55	0.6	10	0.1
Post-92 University	812	8.7	157	1.7
Pre-92 University	2,166	23.2	412	4.4
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	3,674	39.3	1,841	19.7
Grand Total	6,850	73.2	2,502	26.8

n=9,352

Considering Tables 3.6-3.8, whilst overall 70.3% of IB applications received offers, only 67.9% of EU applications received offers but 73.2% of non EU applications received offers.

Table 3.9 shows accepted applicants by institution types.

Table 3.9 Accepted Applicants by Institution Type IB

Institution Type	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
FE College	28	0.6	0.9
HE College	86	1.9	2.6
HEI Other	16	0.3	0.5
Post-92 University	443	9.6	13.6
Pre-92 University	1,065	23.2	32.7
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	1,614	35.1	49.6

Institution Type	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Grand Total	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=26,024

Of all 4,599 IB applicants, 3,252 (70.7%) were accepted on to a HE course at a UK HEI. Pre-92/Russell Group institutions accounted for around half of the total accepted applicants (1,614: 49.6%). Pre-92 Universities accounted for almost a third of the total accepted applicants (1,063: 32.7%). Looking at the percentage of applications accepted, these ranged from 10.5% at HEI Other institutions to 14.4% at FE Colleges.

Table 3.10 Accepted Applicants by Institution Type UK IB

Institution Type	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
FE College	12	1.0	1.2
HE College	35	3.0	3.5
HEI Other	0	0.0	0.0
Post-92 University	151	12.9	15.2
Pre-92 University	355	30.4	35.7
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	442	37.8	44.4
Grand Total	995	85.2	100.0

n=6,710

Table 3.11 Accepted Applicants by Institution Type EU IB

Institution Type	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
FE College	8	0.5	0.6
HE College	31	1.8	2.5
HEI Other	7	0.4	0.6
Post-92 University	202	11.5	16.3
Pre-92 University	456	25.9	36.8
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	535	30.3	43.2
Grand Total	1,239	70.3	100.0

n=9,962

Table 3.12 Accepted Applicants by Institution Type Non EU IB

Institution Type	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
FE College	8	0.5	0.8
HE College	20	1.2	2.0
HEI Other	9	0.5	0.9
Post-92 University	90	5.4	8.8
Pre-92 University	254	15.2	25.0
Pre-92 University/Russell Group	637	38.2	62.6
Grand Total	1018	61.0	100.0

n=9,352

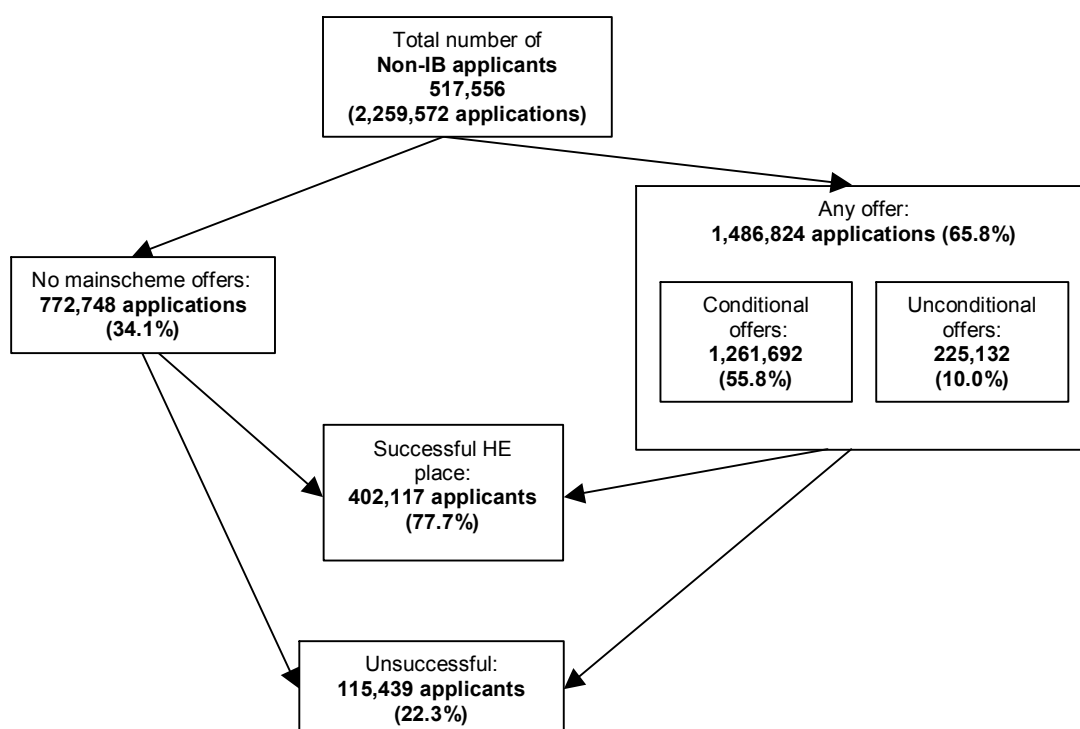
Considering Tables 3.10-3.12, 62.6% of Non EU IB accepted applicants were accepted by Pre-92 University/Russell Group compared to 43.2% for EU IB applicants and 44.4% of UK applicants. Looking at Pre-92 University acceptances, 25.0% of Non EU accepted applicants were accepted at Pre-92 Universities, 36.8% of EU accepted applicants and 35.7% of UK accepted applicants.

Profiling of IB and Non IB Applicants

This section of the report looks at the demographic variables of IB applicants and Non IB applicants against offers and success in gaining a HE place to identify any differences between them.

Offers Data

Figure 3 Applicants, Applications and Acceptances Non IB



A total of 2,259,572 applications were made by non IB applicants. Of these applications, 1,486,824 received an offer through the UCAS mainscheme. 1,261,692 (55.8%) applications received a conditional offer and 225,132 (10.0%) applications received an unconditional offer. Of the 517,556 applicants making an application, 77.7% (402,117 applicants) successfully gained a HE place.

Considering offers received, applications from applicants with the IB were more successful, with 70.3% of applications receiving offers compared to 65.8% of non IB applications. In terms of gaining a HE place, Non IB applicants were more successful with 77.7% of applicants accepted compared to 70.7% of IB applicants.

It should be noted that due to data covering the totality of applicants to full time undergraduate courses in the UK, there is a considerable difference in the population sizes between IB and non IB applicants.

Age

Tables 4.1a and b give the number of applicants broken down by age range and the number of applications made by each age range.

Table 4.1a Applicants and Applications by Age IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	448	9.7	2,530	9.7
b 18	2,892	62.9	16,423	63.1
c 19	985	21.4	5,566	21.4
d 20	254	5.5	1,395	5.4
e 21	18	0.4	100	0.4
h 24	1	0.0	4	0.0
j 30 - 39	1	0.0	6	0.0
Grand Total	4,599	100.0	26,024	100.0

n=4,599 *n=26,024*

Those aged 18 accounted for 62.9% of all IB applicants. There were few mature applicants (those aged 21 and above) applying with an IB, accounting for only 0.4% of IB applicants.

Table 4.1b Applicants and Applications by Age Non IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	13,204	2.6	60,962	2.7%
b 18	220,641	42.6	1,165,855	51.6%
c 19	104,059	20.1	479,784	21.2%
d 20	44,142	8.5	167,875	7.4%
e 21	26,190	5.1	86,333	3.8%
f 22	18,499	3.6	58,072	2.6%
g 23	13,808	2.7	42,405	1.9%
h 24	10,336	2.0	30,605	1.4%
i 25 - 29	29,205	5.6	83,137	3.7%
j 30 - 39	25,341	4.9	61,042	2.7%
k 40 and over	12,131	2.3	23,502	1.0%
Grand Total	517,556	100.0	2,259,572	100.0%

n=517,556 *n=2,259,572*

Considering non IB applicants, there was more of a spread of age ranges with only 42.6% aged 18.

For those aged 19, there were similar proportions between IB and non IB applicants, 21.4% and 20.1% respectively. There was a higher proportion of under 18 applicants amongst IB applicants (9.7%) than amongst non IB applicants (2.6%).

From the 62.9% of IB applicants aged 18 stemmed 63.1% of applications. Non IB applicants aged 18 (42.6%) accounted for 51.6% of applications. This suggests that non IB applicants aged 18 made more applications than IB applicants. Mature applicants made proportionately less applications. This may be due to them being tied to a particular area, limiting the institutions they are able to make applications to.

Table 4.2a Applicants and Applications by Age IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	36	3.1	208	3.1
b 18	959	82.1	5,496	81.9
c 19	158	13.5	916	13.7
d 20	12	1.0	72	1.1
e 21	3	0.3	18	0.3
Grand Total	1,168	100.0	6,710	100.0

n=1,168 *n=6,710*

Table 4.2b Applicants and Applications by Age Non IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	9,514	2.1	43,646	2.2
b 18	206,829	46.6	1,099,094	56.3
c 19	89,468	20.2	411,113	21.1
d 20	33,493	7.6	123,402	6.3
e 21	18,342	4.1	57,415	2.9
f 22	12,812	2.9	38,160	2.0
g 23	9,525	2.1	27,539	1.4
h 24	7,426	1.7	20,670	1.1
i 25 - 29	21,985	5.0	58,369	3.0
j 30 - 39	22,460	5.1	51,540	2.6
k 40 and over	11,608	2.6	22,008	1.1
Grand Total	443,462	100.0	1,952,956	100.0

n=443,462 *n=1,952,956*

Considering UK domiciled IB applicants, 82.1% were aged 18. In the non IB population, only 46.6% of applicants were aged 18. As is reflected in the overall figures, there was more of a spread of age ranges in the non IB population.

Table 4.3a Applicants and Applications by Age IB EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	239	13.6	1,355	13.6
b 18	997	56.6	5,653	56.7
c 19	459	26.0	2,570	25.8
d 20	64	3.6	360	3.6
e 21	4	0.2	24	0.2
Grand Total	1,763	100.0	9,962	100.0

n=1,763 *n=9,962*

Table 4.3b Applicants and Applications by Age Non IB EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	1,899	7.0	8,881	8.2
b 18	6,047	22.4	29,362	27.0
c 19	5,012	18.6	22,612	20.8
d 20	3,609	13.4	13,701	12.6
e 21	2,984	11.1	10,403	9.6
f 22	2,117	7.9	6,914	6.4
g 23	1,547	5.7	4,930	4.5
h 24	1,051	3.9	3,325	3.1
i 25 - 29	1,981	7.4	6,384	5.9
j 30 - 39	573	2.1	1,939	1.8
k 40 and over	125	0.5	401	0.4
Grand Total	26,945	100.0	108,852	100.0

n=26,945 *n=108,852*

Amongst EU domiciled applicants, whilst 56.6% of applicants with IB were aged 18, only 22.4% of non IB applicants were aged 18. Mature applicants accounted for 38.5% of EU domiciled non IB applicants compared to 26.2% of the whole non IB population.

Table 4.4a Applicants and Applications by Age IB Non EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	173	10.4	967	10.3
b 18	936	56.1	5,274	56.4
c 19	368	22.1	2,080	22.2
d 20	178	10.7	963	10.3
e 21	11	0.7	58	0.6
h 24	1	0.1	4	0.0
j 30 - 39	1	0.1	6	0.1
Grand Total	1,668	100.0	9,352	100.0

n=1,668 *n*=9,352

Table 4.4b Applicants and Applications by Age Non IB Non EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	1,791	3.8	8,435	4.3%
b 18	7,765	16.5	37,399	18.9%
c 19	9,579	20.3	46,059	23.3%
d 20	7,040	14.9	30,772	15.6%
e 21	4,864	10.3	18,515	9.4%
f 22	3,570	7.6	12,998	6.6%
g 23	2,736	5.8	9,936	5.0%
h 24	1,859	3.9	6,610	3.3%
i 25 - 29	5,239	11.1	18,384	9.3%
j 30 - 39	2,308	4.9	7,563	3.8%
k 40 and over	398	0.8	1,093	0.6%
Grand Total	47,149	100.0	197,764	100.0%

n=47,149 *n*=197,764

56.1% of IB non EU applicants were aged 18 compared to only 16.5% of non IB non EU applicants. This may be contributed to by differing education structures across the globe.

Table 4.5a Whether Applications Received Offer by Age IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	1,722	6.6	808	3.1
b 18	11,581	44.5	4,842	18.6
c 19	3,919	15.1	1,647	6.3
d 20	1,005	3.9	390	1.5
e 21	70	0.3	30	0.1
h 24	4	0.0	0	0.0
j 30 - 39	5	0.0	1	0.0
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	7,718	29.7

n=26,024

Table 4.5b Whether Applications Received Offer by Age Non IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	42,000	1.9	18,962	0.8
b 18	844,164	37.4	321,691	14.2
c 19	313,124	13.9	166,660	7.4
d 20	100,555	4.5	67,320	3.0

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
e 21	47,535	2.1	38,798	1.7
f 22	29,347	1.3	28,725	1.3
g 23	20,008	0.9	22,397	1.0
h 24	14,116	0.6	16,489	0.7
l 25 – 29	36,371	1.6	46,766	2.1
j 30 – 39	28,036	1.2	33,006	1.5
k 40 and over	11,568	0.5	11,934	0.5
Grand Total	1,486,824	65.8	772,748	34.2%

n=2,259,572

Table 4.6a Whether Applications Received Offer by Age IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	137	2.0	71	1.1
b 18	3,856	57.5	1,640	24.4
c 19	633	9.4	283	4.2
d 20	56	0.8	16	0.2
e 21	13	0.2	5	0.1
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

n=6,710

Table 4.6b Whether Applications Received Offer by Age Non IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	32,371	1.7	11,275	0.6
b 18	802,992	41.1	296,102	15.2
c 19	270,970	13.9	140,143	7.2
d 20	74,020	3.8	49,382	2.5
e 21	31,157	1.6	26,258	1.3
f 22	18,996	1.0	19,164	1.0
g 23	12,882	0.7	14,657	0.8
h 24	9,629	0.5	11,041	0.6
i 25 - 29	25,969	1.3	32,400	1.7
j 30 - 39	24,314	1.2	27,226	1.4
k 40 and over	11,021	0.6	10,987	0.6
Grand Total	1,314,321	67.3	638,635	32.7

n=1,952,956

57.5% of applications from UK domiciled IB applicants aged 18 received offers compared to 40.5% of applications from all IB applicants aged 18. 41.1% of applications from non IB UK based applicants aged 18 received offers, compared to 37.4% of applications from all non IB applicants aged 18.

Table 4.7a Whether Applications Received Offer by Age IB EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	892	9.0	463	4.6
b 18	3,876	38.9	1,777	17.8
c 19	1,745	17.5	825	8.3
d 20	234	2.3	126	1.3
e 21	14	0.1	10	0.1
Grand Total	6,761	67.9	3,201	32.1

n=9,992

Table 4.7b Whether Applications Received Offer by Age Non IB EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	4,922	4.5	3,959	3.6
b 18	17,059	15.7	12,303	11.3
c 19	12,433	11.4	10,179	9.4
d 20	7,616	7.0	6,085	5.6
e 21	5,895	5.4	4,508	4.1
f 22	3,800	3.5	3,114	2.9
g 23	2,517	2.3	2,413	2.2
h 24	1,615	1.5	1,710	1.6
i 25 - 29	2,846	2.6	3,538	3.3
j 30 - 39	723	0.7	1,216	1.1
k 40 and over	164	0.2	237	0.2
Grand Total	59,590	54.7	49,262	45.3

n=108,852

Non IB EU applicants aged 18 received a low proportion of offers compared to those applying with the IB (15.7% compared to 38.9%) and compared to all non IB applicants aged 18 (37.4%).

Table 4.8a Whether Applications Received Offer by Age IB Non EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	693	7.4	274	2.9
b 18	3,849	41.2	1,425	15.2
c 19	1,541	16.5	539	5.8
d 20	715	7.6	248	2.7
e 21	43	0.5	15	0.2
h 24	4	0.0	0	0.0
j 30 - 39	5	0.1	1	0.0
Grand Total	6,850	73.2	2,502	26.8

n=9,352

Table 4.8b Whether Applications Received Offer by Age Non IB Non EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
a Under 18	4,707	2.4	3,728	1.9
b 18	24,113	12.2	13,286	6.7
c 19	29,721	15.0	16,338	8.3
d 20	18,919	9.6	11,853	6.0
e 21	10,483	5.3	8,032	4.1
f 22	6,551	3.3	6,447	3.3
g 23	4,609	2.3	5,327	2.7
h 24	2,872	1.5	3,738	1.9
i 25 - 29	7,556	3.8	10,828	5.5
j 30 - 39	2,999	1.5	4,564	2.3
k 40 and over	383	0.2	710	0.4
Grand Total	112,913	57.1	84,851	42.9

n=197,764

Applications from non EU domiciled IB applicants aged 18 receiving offers were high in comparison to applications from non EU non IB applicants (41.2% and 12.2% respectively).

Table 4.9a Accepted Applicants by Age IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	318	6.9	9.8
b 18	2,076	45.1	63.8
c 19	676	14.7	20.8
d 20	169	3.7	5.2
e 21	12	0.3	0.4
h 24	1	0.0	0.0
j 30 - 39	0	0.0	0.0
Grand Total	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=4,599 *n*=3,252

Table 4.9b Accepted Applicants by Age Non IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	8,918	1.7	2.2
b 18	185,821	35.9	46.2
c 19	84,956	16.4	21.1
d 20	33,523	6.5	8.3
e 21	18,497	3.6	4.6
f 22	12,412	2.4	3.1
g 23	8,934	1.7	2.2
h 24	6,585	1.3	1.6
i 25 - 29	18,066	3.5	4.5
j 30 - 39	16,238	3.1	4.0
k 40 and over	8,167	1.6	2.0
Grand Total	402,117	77.7	100.0

n=517,556 *n*=402,117

Considering accepted applicants, 45.1% of IB applicants aged 18 were accepted compared to 35.9% of non IB applicants aged 18. 6.9% of IB applicants under 18 were accepted compared to 1.7% of non IB applicants under 18.

Table 4.10a Accepted Applicants by Age IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	30	2.6	3.0
b 18	817	69.9	82.1
c 19	136	11.6	13.7
d 20	10	0.9	1.0
e 21	2	0.2	0.2
Grand Total	995	85.2	100.0

n=1,168 *n*=995

Table 4.10b Accepted Applicants by Age Non IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	7,215	1.6	2.0
b 18	178,200	40.2	49.6
c 19	75,982	17.1	21.2
d 20	26,837	6.1	7.5
e 21	13,672	3.1	3.8
f 22	9,048	2.0	2.5
g 23	6,465	1.5	1.8
h 24	4,967	1.1	1.4
i 25 - 29	14,245	3.2	4.0
j 30 - 39	14,717	3.3	4.1

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
k 40 and over	7,901	1.8	2.2
Grand Total	359,249	81.0	100.0

n=443,462

n=359,249

82.1% of UK domiciled accepted IB applicants were aged 18 compared to 49.6% of UK domiciled non IB applicants

Table 4.11a Accepted Applicants by Age IB EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	178	10.1	14.4
b 18	698	39.6	56.3
c 19	321	18.2	25.9
d 20	38	2.2	3.1
e 21	4	0.2	0.3
Grand Total	1,239	70.3	100.0

n=1,763

n=1,239

Table 4.11b Accepted Applicants by Age Non IB EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	853	3.2	5.3
b 18	3,161	11.7	19.7
c 19	3,081	11.4	19.2
d 20	2,359	8.8	14.7
e 21	1,974	7.3	12.3
f 22	1,397	5.2	8.7
g 23	983	3.6	6.1
h 24	662	2.5	4.1
i 25 - 29	1,166	4.3	7.3
j 30 - 39	295	1.1	1.8
k 40 and over	77	0.3	0.5
Grand Total	16,008	59.4	100.0

n=26,945

n=16,008

Only 19.7% of non IB EU domiciled accepted applicants aged 18 were accepted compared to 56.3% of those taking the IB domiciled in the EU and 46.2% for all non IB accepted applicants (table 4.9b).

Table 4.12a Accepted Applicants by Age IB Non EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	110	6.6	10.8
b 18	561	33.6	55.1
c 19	219	13.1	21.5
d 20	121	7.3	11.9
e 21	6	0.4	0.6
h 24	1	0.1	0.1
j 30 - 39	0	0.0	0.0
Grand Total	1,018	61.0	100.0

n=1,668

n=1,018

Table 4.12b Accepted Applicants by Age Non IB Non EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
a Under 18	850	1.8	3.2
b 18	4,460	9.5	16.6
c 19	5,893	12.5	21.9

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
d 20	4,327	9.2	16.1
e 21	2,851	6.0	10.6
f 22	1,967	4.2	7.3
g 23	1,486	3.2	5.5
h 24	956	2.0	3.6
i 25 - 29	2,655	5.6	9.9
j 30 - 39	1,226	2.6	4.6
k 40 and over	189	0.4	0.7
Grand Total	26,860	57.0	100.0

n=47,149 *n=26,860*

Non IB non EU applicants aged 19 accounted for 21.9%, higher than the proportion of applicants aged 18. 16.6% of accepted non IB non EU applicants were aged 18 compared to 55.1% of IB non EU applicants aged 18.

Gender

Tables 5.1 a and b show the number of IB applicants broken down by gender and the number of applications made by each gender.

Table 5.1a Applicants and Applications by Gender IB

Gender	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	2,112	45.9	11,994	46.1
Female	2,487	54.1	14,030	53.9
Grand Total	4,599	100.0	26,024	100.0

n=4,599 *n=26,024*

Table 5.1b Applicants and Applications by Gender Non IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	236,552	45.7	1,040,956	46.1%
Female	281,004	54.3	1,218,616	53.9%
Grand Total	517,556	100.0	2,259,572	100.0%

n=517,556 *n=2,259,572*

The proportions of male to female in both the IB and non IB populations were similar with 45.9% male applicants in IB and 45.7% male in non IB. The percentage of applications from male applicants was the same between the two populations, with 46.1% applications from males in IB and 46.1% applications from males in non IB.

Table 5.2a Applicants and Applications by Gender IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	535	45.8	3,084	46.0
Female	633	54.2	3,626	54.0
Grand Total	1,168	100.0	6,710	100.0

n=1,168 *n=6,710*

Table 5.2b Applicants and Applications by Gender Non IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	197,208	44.5	878,604	45.0
Female	246,254	55.5	1,074,352	55.0
Grand Total	443,462	100.0	1,952,956	100.0

n=443,462 *1,952,956*

Considering applicants from the UK, there were 1.0 more male applicants with the IB than non IB.

Table 5.3a Applicants and Applications by Gender IB EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	806	45.7	4,597	46.1
Female	957	54.3	5,365	53.9
Grand Total	1,763	100.0	9,962	100.0

n=1,763 *n=9,962*

Table 5.3b Applicants and Applications by Gender Non IB EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	12,003	44.5	47,505	43.6
Female	14,942	55.5	61,347	56.4
Grand Total	26,945	100.0	108,852	100.0

n=26,945 *n=108,852*

Table 5.4a Applicants and Applications by Gender IB Non EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	771	46.2	4,313	46.1
Female	897	53.8	5,039	53.9
Grand Total	1,668	100.0	9,352	100.0

n=1,668 *n*=9,352

Table 5.4b Applicants and Applications by Gender Non IB Non EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Male	27,341	58.0	114,847	58.1
Female	19,808	42.0	82,917	41.9
Grand Total	47,149	100.0	197,764	100.0

n=47,149 *n*=197,764

Considering non EU applicants, 46.2% of applicants with the IB were male, broadly in line with the figures for UK (45.8%) and EU (45.7%). However for non IB non EU applicants, 58.0% of applicants were male, accounting for 58.1% of applications with only 42.0% female applicants accounting for 41.9% of applications.

Table 5.5a Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender IB

	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	8,559	32.9	3,435	13.2
Female	9,747	37.5	4,283	16.5
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	7,718	29.7

n=26,024

Table 5.5b Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender Non IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	711,311	31.5	329,645	14.6
Female	775,513	34.3	443,103	19.6
Grand Total	1,486,824	65.8	772,748	34.2

n=2,259,572

From Tables 5.5 a and b, applications from female IB applicants had more success in terms of offers (37.5%) compared to applications from female non IB applicants (34.3%) despite there being similar percentages of applications from females in both groups (53.9% IB and 54.9% non IB – tables 5.1 a and b). 19.6% of applications from non IB female applicants were unsuccessful compared to 16.5% of IB female applicants.

Table 5.6a Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender IB UK

	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	2,154	32.1	930	13.9
Female	2,541	37.9	1,085	16.2
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

n=6,710

Table 5.6b Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender Non IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	618,877	31.7	259,727	13.3
Female	695,444	35.6	378,908	19.4
Grand Total	1,314,321	67.3	638,635	32.7

n=1,952,956

Table 5.7a Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender IB EU

	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	3,179	31.9	1,418	14.2
Female	3,582	36.0	1,783	17.9
Grand Total	6,761	67.9	3,201	32.1

n=9,962

Table 5.7b Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender Non IB EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	27,518	25.3	19,987	18.4
Female	32,072	29.5	29,275	26.9
Grand Total	59,590	54.7	49,262	45.3

n=108,852

For applications from EU, 26.9% of applications from female non IB applicants were unsuccessful compared to 17.9% of female IB applications.

Table 5.8a Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender IB Non EU

	Received Offer		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	3,226	34.5	1,087	11.6
Female	3,624	38.8	1,415	15.1
Grand Total	6,850	73.2	2,502	26.8

n=9,352

Table 5.8b Whether Applications Received Offer by Gender Non IB Non EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Male	64,916	32.8	49,931	25.2
Female	47,997	24.3	34,920	17.7
Grand Total	112,913	57.1	84,851	42.9

n=197,764

For non EU applications, male non IB applicants had more unsuccessful applications (25.2%) compared to IB applicants (11.6%). Applications from female non IB applicants received 14.5% less offers than applications from female IB applicants.

Table 5.9a Accepted Applicants by Gender IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	1509	32.8	46.4
Female	1743	37.9	53.6
Grand Total	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=4,599

n=3,252

Table 5.9b Accepted Applicants by Gender Non IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	186,888	36.1	46.5
Female	215,229	41.6	53.5
Grand Total	402,117	77.7	100.0

n=517,556

n=402,117

Considering accepted applicants, the proportion of males and females accepted was similar between applicants taking the IB (46.4% male) and applicants not taking the IB (46.5% male). This broadly reflects the overall percentages of gender types that made applications (IB 45.9% male and non IB 45.7% male from Tables 5.1a and b).

Table 5.10a Accepted Applicants by Gender IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	455	39.0	45.7
Female	540	46.2	54.3
Grand Total	995	85.2	100.0

n=1,168 *n*=995

Table 5.10b Accepted Applicants by Gender Non IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	163,888	37.0	45.6
Female	195,361	44.1	54.4
Grand Total	359,249	81.0	100.0

n=443,462 *n*=359,249

Table 5.11a Accepted Applicants by Gender IB EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	573	32.5	46.2
Female	666	37.8	53.8
Grand Total	1,239	70.3	100.0

n=1,763 *n*=1,239

Table 5.11b Accepted Applicants by Gender Non IB EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	7,487	27.8	46.8
Female	8,521	31.6	53.2
Grand Total	16,008	59.4	100.0

n=26,946 *n*=16,008

Table 5.12a Accepted Applicants by Gender IB Non EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	481	28.8	47.2
Female	537	32.2	52.8
Grand Total	1,018	61.0	100.0

n=1,668 *n*=1,018

Table 5.12b Accepted Applicants by Gender Non IB Non EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Male	15,513	32.9	57.8
Female	11,347	24.1	42.2
Grand Total	26,860	57.0	100.0

n=47,149 *n*=26,860

In both UK and EU, the proportion of males and females accepted reflects the position seen in all applications of a roughly 45/55 split male to female. The position was similar for non EU accepted applicants taking the IB. For non IB non EU accepted applicants 57.8% of accepted applicants were male and 42.2% female resulting from the over representation of males in applications from this sector (Table 5.4b).

Disability

Tables 6.1 a and b show the number of applicants and applications broken down by disability.

Table 6.1a Applicants and Applications by Disability IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	4,465	97.1	25,265	97.1
1 Learning difficulty	92	2.0	518	2.0
2 Blind / partial sight	4	0.1	21	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	1	0.0	6	0.0
4 Wheelchair/mobility	3	0.1	17	0.1
6 Mental health	2	0.0	12	0.0
7 Unseen disability	10	0.2	55	0.2
9 Other disability	20	0.4	118	0.5
T Autistic disorder	2	0.0	12	0.0
Grand Total	4,599	100.0	26,024	100.0

n=4,599 *n=26,024*

Table 6.1b Applicants and Applications by Disability Non IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	491,994	95.1	2,156,727	95.4
1 Learning difficulty	13,575	2.6	58,132	2.6
2 Blind/partial sight	765	0.1	3,096	0.1
3 Deaf/partial hearing	1,139	0.2	4,525	0.2
4 Wheelchair/mobility	737	0.1	2,448	0.1
6 Mental health	998	0.2	2,822	0.1
7 Unseen disability	3,085	0.6	11,730	0.5
8 Multiple disabilities	814	0.2	2,713	0.1
9 Other disability	4,082	0.8	15,887	0.7
T Autistic disorder	367	0.1	1,492	0.1
Grand Total	517,556	100.0	2,259,572	100.0

n=517,556 *n=2,259,572*

For applicants studying IB, 97.1% had no disability accounting for 97.1% of applications and for non IB applicants 95.1% had no disability accounting for 95.4% of applications. Learning difficulties accounted for the highest proportion of applicants with disabilities for both IB and non IB applicants (2.0% and 2.6% respectively).

Table 6.2a Applicants and Applications by Disability IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	1,118	95.7	6,427	95.8
1 Learning difficulty	40	3.4	223	3.3
2 Blind / partial sight	1	0.1	6	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	1	0.1	6	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	1	0.1	6	0.1
7 Unseen disability	1	0.1	6	0.1
9 Other disability	5	0.4	30	0.4
T Autistic disorder	1	0.1	6	0.1
Grand Total	1,168	100.0	6,710	100.0

n=1,168 *n=6,710*

Table 6.2b Applicants and Applications by Disability Non IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	418,995	94.5	1,854,550	95.0
1 Learning difficulty	13,097	3.0	56,133	2.9
2 Blind / partial sight	706	0.2	2,840	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	1,077	0.2	4,298	0.2
4 Wheelchair/mobility	710	0.2	2,329	0.1
6 Mental health	964	0.2	2,702	0.1
7 Unseen disability	2,932	0.7	11,095	0.6
8 Multiple disabilities	790	0.2	2,613	0.1
9 Other disability	3,836	0.9	14,947	0.8
T Autistic disorder	355	0.1	1,449	0.1
Grand Total	443,462	100.0	1,952,956	100.0

*n=443,462**n=1,952,956*

For applicants from the UK, 95.7% of IB applicants and 94.5% of non IB applicants had no disability. 3.4% of IB applicants and 3.0% of non IB applicants had a learning difficulty.

Table 6.3a Applicants and Applications by Disability IB EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	1,714	97.2	9,682	97.2
1 Learning difficulty	36	2.0	203	2.0
4 Wheelchair/mobility	2	0.1	11	0.1
6 Mental health	1	0.1	6	0.1
7 Unseen disability	3	0.2	18	0.2
9 Other disability	7	0.4	42	0.4
Grand Total	1,763	100.0	9,962	100.0

*n=1,763**n=9,962*

Table 6.3b Applicants and Applications by Disability Non IB EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	26,372	97.9	106,391	97.7
1 Learning difficulty	277	1.0	1,254	1.2
2 Blind/partial sight	24	0.1	95	0.1
3 Deaf/partial hearing	29	0.1	105	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	11	0.0	56	0.1
6 Mental health	8	0.0	23	0.0
7 Unseen disability	93	0.3	378	0.3
8 Multiple disabilities	7	0.0	36	0.0
9 Other disability	119	0.4	495	0.5
T Autistic disorder	5	0.0	19	0.0
Grand Total	26,945	100.0	108,852	100.0

*n=26,945**n=108,852*

Table 6.4a Applicants and Applications by Disability IB Non EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	1,633	97.9	9,156	97.9
1 Learning difficulty	16	1.0	92	1.0
2 Blind / partial sight	3	0.2	15	0.2
6 Mental health	1	0.1	6	0.1
7 Unseen disability	6	0.4	31	0.3
9 Other disability	8	0.5	46	0.5
T Autistic disorder	1	0.1	6	0.1
Grand Total	1,668	100.0	9,352	100.0

*n=1,668**n=9,352*

Table 6.4b Applicants and Applications by Disability Non IB Non EU

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	46,627	98.9	195,786	99.0
1 Learning difficulty	201	0.4	745	0.4
2 Blind/partial sight	35	0.1	161	0.1
3 Deaf/partial hearing	33	0.1	122	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	16	0.0	63	0.0
6 Mental health	26	0.1	97	0.0
7 Unseen disability	60	0.1	257	0.1
8 Multiple disabilities	17	0.0	64	0.0
9 Other disability	127	0.3	445	0.2
T Autistic disorder	7	0.0	24	0.0
Grand Total	47,149	100.0	197,764	100.0

n=47,149

n=197,764

99.0% of non EU non IB applicants had no disability, a higher proportion than non EU IB applicants (97.9%).

Tables 6.5-6.8 show disability data broken down into whether offers were received.

Table 6.5a Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	17,766	68.3	7,499	28.8
1 Learning difficulty	373	1.4	145	0.6
2 Blind / partial sight	10	0.0	11	0.0
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	6	0.0	0	0.0
4 Wheelchair/mobility	13	0.0	4	0.0
6 Mental health	9	0.0	3	0.0
7 Unseen disability	34	0.1	21	0.1
9 Other disability	88	0.3	30	0.1
T Autistic disorder	7	0.0	5	0.0
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	7,718	29.7

n=26,024

Table 6.5b Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability Non IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	1,420,073	62.8	736,654	32.6
1 Learning difficulty	37,946	1.7	20,186	0.9
2 Blind/partial sight	1,972	0.1	1,124	0.0
3 Deaf/partial hearing	2,946	0.1	1,579	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	1,593	0.1	855	0.0
6 Mental health	1,683	0.1	1,139	0.1
7 Unseen disability	7,467	0.3	4,263	0.2
8 Multiple disabilities	1,782	0.1	931	0.0
9 Other disability	10,255	0.5	5,632	0.2
T Autistic disorder	1,107	0.0	385	0.0
Grand Total	1,486,824	65.8	772,748	34.2

n=2,259,572

Whilst overall IB applicants received more offers (70.3%) compared to non IB applicants (65.8%), 68.3% of applications from IB applicants with no disability received offers compared to 62.8% of applications from non IB applicants.

Table 6.6a Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	4,475	66.7	1,952	29.1
1 Learning difficulty	172	2.6	51	0.8
2 Blind / partial sight	1	0.0	5	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	6	0.1	0	0.0
4 Wheelchair/mobility	6	0.1	0	0.0
7 Unseen disability	4	0.1	2	0.0
9 Other disability	26	0.4	4	0.1
T Autistic disorder	5	0.1	1	0.0
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

n=6,710

Table 6.6b Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability Non IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	1,250,015	64.0	604,535	31.0
1 Learning difficulty	36,772	1.9	19,361	1.0
2 Blind / partial sight	1,846	0.1	994	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	2,829	0.1	1,469	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	1,538	0.1	791	0.0
6 Mental health	1,624	0.1	1,078	0.1
7 Unseen disability	7,124	0.4	3,971	0.2
8 Multiple disabilities	1,725	0.1	888	0.0
9 Other disability	9,765	0.5	5,182	0.3
T Autistic disorder	1,083	0.1	366	0.0
Grand Total	1,314,321	67.3	638,635	32.7

n=1,952,956

66.7% of applications from IB UK applicants with no disability received offers compared to 64.0% non IB applicants.

Table 6.7a Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability IB EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	6,573	66.0	3,109	31.2
1 Learning difficulty	137	1.4	66	0.7
4 Wheelchair/mobility	7	0.1	4	0.0
6 Mental health	6	0.1	0	0.0
7 Unseen disability	9	0.1	9	0.1
9 Other disability	29	0.3	13	0.1
Grand Total	6,761	67.9	3,201	32.1

n=9,962

Table 6.7b Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability Non IB EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	58,241	53.5	48,150	44.2
1 Learning difficulty	732	0.7	522	0.5
2 Blind/partial sight	43	0.0	52	0.0
3 Deaf/partial hearing	50	0.0	55	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	33	0.0	23	0.0
6 Mental health	14	0.0	9	0.0
7 Unseen disability	196	0.2	182	0.2

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
8 Multiple disabilities	19	0.0	17	0.0
9 Other disability	255	0.2	240	0.2
T Autistic disorder	7	0.0	12	0.0
Grand Total	59,590	54.7	49,262	45.3

n=108,852

1.4% of applications from IB EU applicants with a learning disability received offers compared to 0.7% of non IB applicants, reflecting the base population of applicants (2.0% IB EU applicants with learning disabilities and 1.0% non IB EU applicants with learning difficulties).

Table 6.8a Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability IB Non EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	6,718	71.8	2,438	26.1
1 Learning difficulty	64	0.7	28	0.3
2 Blind / partial sight	9	0.1	6	0.1
6 Mental health	3	0.0	3	0.0
7 Unseen disability	21	0.2	10	0.1
9 Other disability	33	0.4	13	0.1
T Autistic disorder	2	0.0	4	0.0
Grand Total	6,850	73.2	2,502	26.8

n=9,352

Table 6.8b Whether Applications Received Offers by Disability Non IB Non EU

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
0 No disability	111,817	56.5	83,969	42.5
1 Learning difficulty	442	0.2	303	0.2
2 Blind/partial sight	83	0.0	78	0.0
3 Deaf/partial hearing	67	0.0	55	0.0
4 Wheelchair/mobility	22	0.0	41	0.0
6 Mental health	45	0.0	52	0.0
7 Unseen disability	147	0.1	110	0.1
8 Multiple disabilities	38	0.0	26	0.0
9 Other disability	235	0.1	210	0.1
T Autistic disorder	17	0.0	7	0.0
Grand Total	112,913	57.1	84,851	42.9

n=197,764

Considering Tables 6.8 a and b, of all applications from IB non EU applicants, of the 73.2% that received offers, 71.8% had no disabilities. Of the 57.1% of non IB non EU applications receiving offers, 56.5% had no disability.

Table 6.9a Accepted Applicants by Disability IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	3,157	68.6	97.1
1 Learning difficulty	66	1.4	2.0
2 Blind / partial sight	2	0.0	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	1	0.0	0.0
4 Wheelchair/mobility	3	0.1	0.1
6 Mental health	1	0.0	0.0
7 Unseen disability	6	0.1	0.2

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
9 Other disability	14	0.3	0.4
T Autistic disorder	2	0.0	0.1
Grand Total	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=4,599

n=3,252

Table 6.9b Accepted Applicants by Disability Non IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	381,799	73.8	94.9
1 Learning difficulty	11,025	2.1	2.7
2 Blind/partial sight	589	0.1	0.1
3 Deaf/partial hearing	884	0.2	0.2
4 Wheelchair/mobility	580	0.1	0.1
6 Mental health	708	0.1	0.2
7 Unseen disability	2,396	0.5	0.6
8 Multiple disabilities	633	0.1	0.2
9 Other disability	3,188	0.6	0.8
T Autistic disorder	315	0.1	0.1
Grand Total	402,117	77.7	100.0

n=517,556

n=402,117

97.1% of IB accepted applicants had no disability compared to 94.9% of non IB applicants. 2.7% of accepted non IB applicants had a learning difficulty compared to 2.0% of IB applicants.

Table 6.10a Accepted Applicants by Disability IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	953	81.6	95.8
1 Learning difficulty	33	2.8	3.3
2 Blind / partial sight	1	0.1	0.1
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	1	0.1	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	1	0.1	0.1
7 Unseen disability	1	0.1	0.1
9 Other disability	4	0.3	0.4
T Autistic disorder	1	0.1	0.1
Grand Total	995	85.2	100.0

n=1,168

n=995

Table 6.10b Accepted Applicants by Disability Non IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	339,578	76.6	94.5
1 Learning difficulty	10,723	2.4	3.0
2 Blind / partial sight	557	0.1	0.2
3 Deaf/ partial hearing	853	0.2	0.2
4 Wheelchair/mobility	562	0.1	0.2
6 Mental health	687	0.2	0.2
7 Unseen disability	2,305	0.5	0.6
8 Multiple disabilities	621	0.1	0.2
9 Other disability	3,059	0.7	0.9
T Autistic disorder	304	0.1	0.1
Grand Total	359,249	81.0	100.0

n=443,462

n=359,249

Amongst accepted applicants, those from the UK were more likely to have a disability with 95.8% IB accepted applicants and 94.5% non IB accepted applicants having no disability.

Table 6.11a Accepted Applicants by Disability IB EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	1,205	68.3	97.3
1 Learning difficulty	22	1.2	1.8
4 Wheelchair/mobility	2	0.1	0.2
6 Mental health	1	0.1	0.1
7 Unseen disability	2	0.1	0.2
9 Other disability	7	0.4	0.6
Grand Total	1,239	70.3	100.0

n=1,763 *n=1,239*

Table 6.11b Accepted Applicants by Disability Non IB EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	15,652	58.1	97.8
1 Learning difficulty	176	0.7	1.1
2 Blind/partial sight	12	0.0	0.1
3 Deaf/partial hearing	14	0.1	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	9	0.0	0.1
6 Mental health	5	0.0	0.0
7 Unseen disability	59	0.2	0.4
8 Multiple disabilities	4	0.0	0.0
9 Other disability	73	0.3	0.5
T Autistic disorder	4	0.0	0.0
Grand Total	16,008	59.4	100.0

n=26,945 *n=16,008*

Table 6.12a Accepted Applicants by Disability IB Non EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	999	59.9	98.1
1 Learning difficulty	11	0.7	1.1
2 Blind / partial sight	1	0.1	0.1
7 Unseen disability	3	0.2	0.3
9 Other disability	3	0.2	0.3
T Autistic disorder	1	0.1	0.1
Grand Total	1,018	61.0	100.0

n=1,668 *n=1,018*

Table 6.12b Accepted Applicants by Disability Non IB Non EU

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
0 No disability	26,569	56.4	98.9
1 Learning difficulty	126	0.3	0.5
2 Blind/partial sight	20	0.0	0.1
3 Deaf/partial hearing	17	0.0	0.1
4 Wheelchair/mobility	9	0.0	0.0
6 Mental health	16	0.0	0.1
7 Unseen disability	32	0.1	0.1
8 Multiple disabilities	8	0.0	0.0
9 Other disability	56	0.1	0.2
T Autistic disorder	7	0.0	0.0
Grand Total	26,860	57.0	100.0

n=47,149 *n=26,860*

Socio-economic Status

Socio-economic status is a voluntary field only available for those domiciled in the UK.

Table 7.1a Applicants and Applications by Socio-economic Status IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
1 Higher managerial and professional occupations	332	28.4	1,903	28.4
2 Lower managerial and professional occupations	358	30.7	2,084	31.1
3 Intermediate occupations	134	11.5	777	11.6
4 Small employers and own account workers	48	4.1	269	4.0
5 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	29	2.5	156	2.3
6 Semi-routine occupations	62	5.3	359	5.4
7 Routine occupations	13	1.1	77	1.1
8 Unknown	192	16.4	1,085	16.2
Grand Total	1,168	100.0	6,710	100.0

n=1,168 *n=6,710*

Table 7.1b Applicants and Applications by Socio-economic Status Non IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
1 Higher managerial and professional occupations	69,299	15.6	346,821	17.8
2 Lower managerial and professional occupations	105,340	23.8	231,690	11.9
3 Intermediate occupations	52,289	11.8	495,965	25.4
4 Small employers and own account workers	25,346	5.7	76,024	3.9
5 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	16,319	3.7	87,950	4.5
6 Semi-routine occupations	50,501	11.4	212,408	10.9
7 Routine occupations	20,379	4.6	119,078	6.1
8 Unknown	103,989	23.4	383,020	19.6
Grand Total	443,462	100.0	1,952,956	100.0

n=443,462 *n=1,952,956*

The socio-economic status of those IB applicants domiciled in the UK appears to have a different distribution compared to those non IB applicants domiciled in the UK.

This can be seen more clearly in Chart 7.1. Compared to non IB applicants, IB applicants were over represented in socio economic classes 1 and 2 and under represented in classes 3 to 7.

Chart 7.1

UK Domiciled Non IB Applicants Compared to IB Applicants by Socio Economic Status



Table 7.2a Whether Applications Received Offers by Socio-economic Status IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
1 Higher managerial and professional occupations	1,310	19.5	593	8.8
2 Lower managerial and professional occupations	1,461	21.8	623	9.3
3 Intermediate occupations	556	8.3	221	3.3
4 Small employers and own account workers	186	2.8	83	1.2
5 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	120	1.8	36	0.5
6 Semi-routine occupations	260	3.9	99	1.5
7 Routine occupations	55	0.8	22	0.3
8 Unknown	747	11.1	338	5.0
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

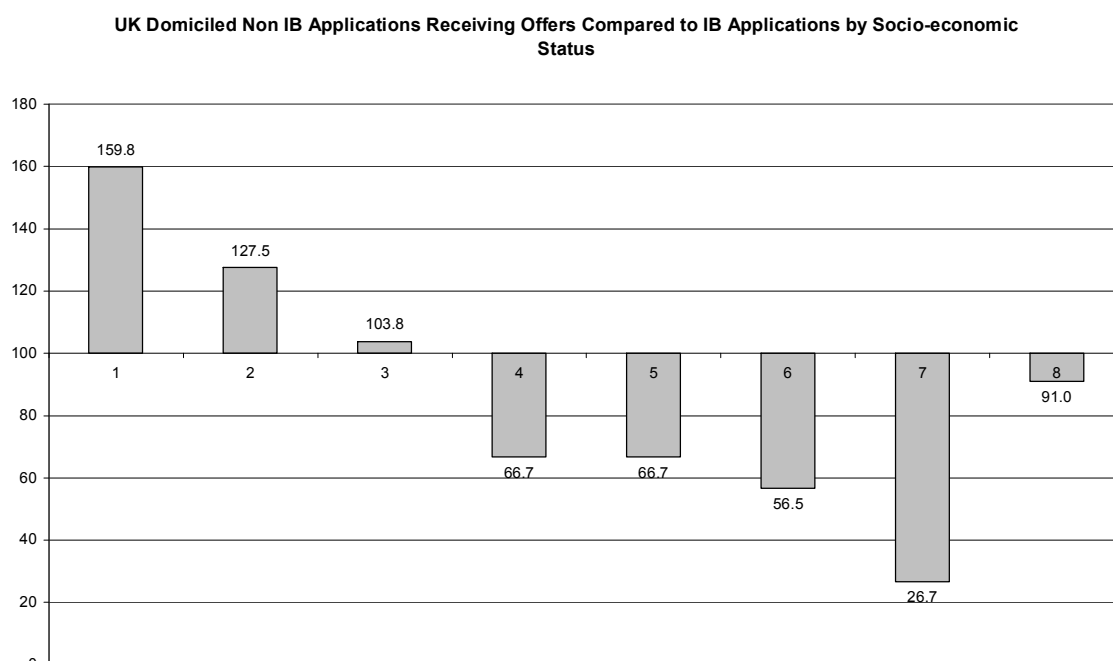
n=6,710

Table 7.2b Whether Applications Received Offers by Socio-economic Status Non IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
1 Higher managerial and professional occupations	241,743	12.4	105,078	5.4
2 Lower managerial and professional occupations	339,139	17.4	74,053	3.8
3 Intermediate occupations	157,637	8.1	156,826	8.0
4 Small employers and own account workers	82,401	4.2	22,524	1.2
5 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	53,500	2.7	28,485	1.5
6 Semi-routine occupations	137,622	7.0	74,786	3.8
7 Routine occupations	59,465	3.0	36,677	1.9
8 Unknown	242,814	12.4	140,206	7.2
Grand Total	1,314,321	67.3	638,635	32.7

n=1,952,956

Chart 7.2



From Chart 7.2 it can be seen that whilst socio-economic classes 1 and 2 were over represented in the IB population receiving offers relative to the non IB population, the over representation is not as pronounced as in the case of applicants (Chart 7.1).

Table 7.3a Accepted Applicants by Socio-economic Status IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
1 Higher managerial and professional occupations	291	24.9	29.2
2 Lower managerial and professional occupations	307	26.3	30.9
3 Intermediate occupations	117	10.0	11.8
4 Small employers and own account workers	38	3.3	3.8
5 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	26	2.2	2.6
6 Semi-routine occupations	48	4.1	4.8
7 Routine occupations	13	1.1	1.3
8 Unknown	155	13.3	15.6
Grand Total	995	85.2	100.0

n=1,168

n=995

Table 7.3b Accepted Applicants by Socio-economic Status Non IB UK

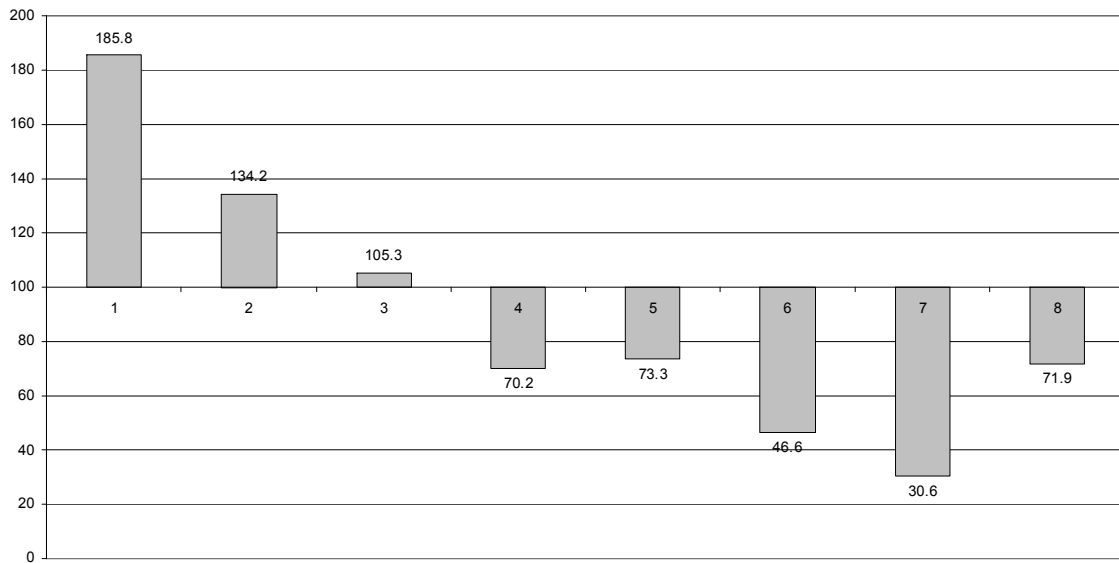
	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
1 Higher managerial and professional occupations	59,379	13.4	16.5
2 Lower managerial and professional occupations	86,800	19.6	24.2
3 Intermediate occupations	42,105	9.5	11.7
4 Small employers and own account workers	20,630	4.7	5.7
5 Lower supervisory and technical occupations	13,428	3.0	3.7
6 Semi-routine occupations	38,818	8.8	10.8
7 Routine occupations	16,049	3.6	4.5
8 Unknown	82,040	18.5	22.8
Grand Total	359,249	81.0	100.0

n=443,462

n=359,249

Chart 7.3

UK Domiciled Non IB Accepted Applicants Compared to IB Accepted Applicants by Socio-economic Status



Considering accepted applicants, IB applicants were over represented in socio-economic classes 1 and 2 and under represented in classes 4 – 7.

Ethnicity

Ethnicity data relates to UK domiciled applicants only. The table below shows the number of IB applicants broken down by ethnic group along with the number of applications made by each group.

Table 8.1a Applicants and Applications by Ethnicity IB UK

UK	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Asian	79	6.8	468	7.0
Black	26	2.2	155	2.3
Mixed	71	6.1	410	6.1
Other	14	1.2	80	1.2
Unknown	60	5.1	348	5.2
White	918	78.6	5,249	78.2
Grand Total	1,168	100.0	6,710	100.0

n=1,168 *n=6,710*

Table 8.1b Applicants and Applications by Ethnicity Non IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Asian	41,744	9.4	204,506	10.5
Black	23,094	5.2	100,562	5.1
Mixed	11,500	2.6	52,933	2.7
Other	4,678	1.1	21,190	1.1
Unknown	23,583	5.3	59,501	3.0
White	338,863	76.4	1,514,264	77.5
Grand Total	443,462	100.0	1,952,956	100.0

n=443,462 *n=1,952,956*

The majority of UK domiciled IB applicants stated on their application form that their ethnic group was White (78.6%). As with IB applicants, the majority of UK domiciled non IB applicants stated on their application form that their ethnic group was White (77.5%). There were higher proportions of applicants classing themselves as Asian (10.5%) and Black (5.1%) in the non IB population compared to the IB population (7.0% and 2.3% respectively). This is illustrated in chart 8.1 below (an equal representation sits at 100 on the horizontal axis, over representation above and under representation below). A slightly higher proportion of those classing themselves as Mixed was present in the IB population compared to the non IB population (6.1% in IB and 2.7% in non IB).

Chart 8.1

UK Domiciled Non IB Applicants Compared to IB Applicants by Ethnic Group

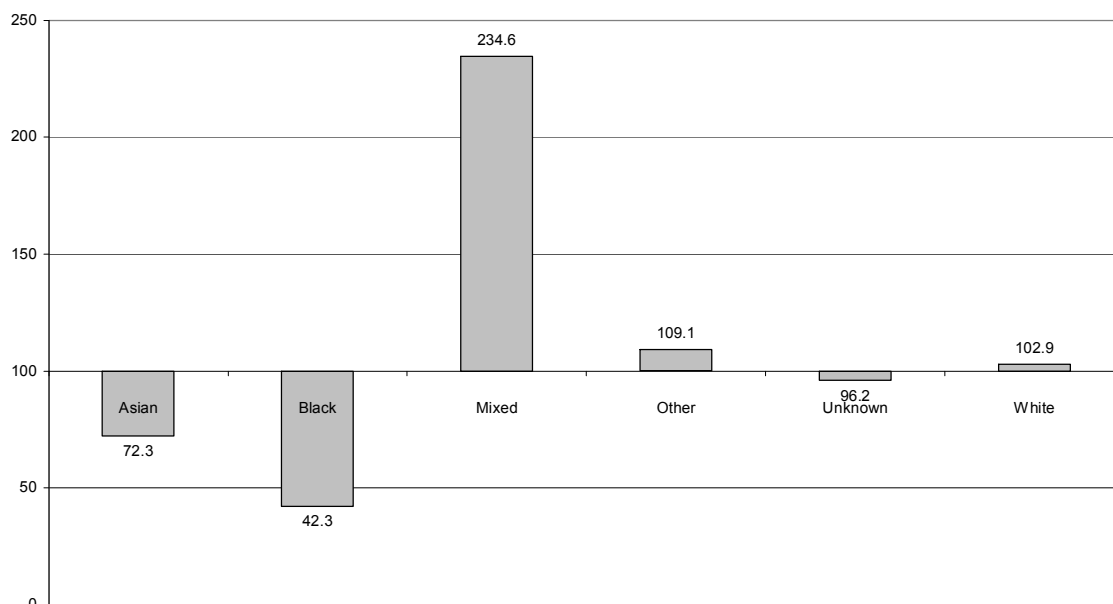


Table 8.2a Whether Applications Received Offer by Ethnicity IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Asian	325	4.8	143	2.1
Black	81	1.2	74	1.1
Mixed	291	4.3	119	1.8
Other	47	0.7	33	0.5
Unknown	236	3.5	112	1.7
White	3,715	55.4	1,534	22.9
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

n=6,710

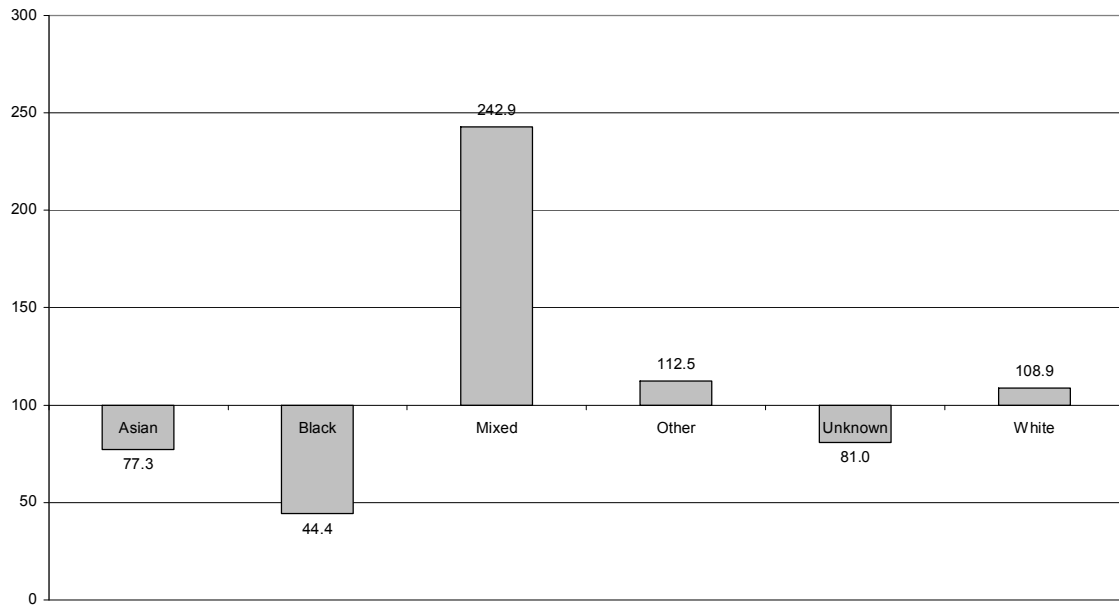
Table 8.2b Whether Applications Received Offer by Ethnicity Non IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Asian	129,605	6.6	74,901	3.8
Black	52,572	2.7	47,990	2.5
Mixed	34,126	1.7	18,807	1.0
Other	12,576	0.6	8,614	0.4
Unknown	35,623	1.8	23,878	1.2
White	1,049,819	53.8	464,445	23.8
Grand Total	1,314,321	67.3	638,635	32.7

n=1,952,956

Chart 8.3

UK Domiciled Non IB Accepted Applicants Compared to IB Accepted Applicants by Ethnic Group



The index chart for accepted applicants shows a similar pattern to those for applicants and applications receiving offers. Compared to non IB accepted applicants, IB accepted applicants were under represented amongst the Asian and Black ethnic groups and over represented for the Mixed ethnic group.

School Type

School type relates to UK domiciled applicants only. The table below shows the number of IB applicants broken down by school type along with the number of applications made by each group.

Table 9.1a Applicants and Applications by School Type IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Comprehensive School	53	4.5	305	4.5
Further/Higher Education	177	15.2	1,001	14.9
Grammar School	33	2.8	176	2.6
Independent School	357	30.6	2,054	30.6
Other	143	12.2	824	12.3
Other maintained	252	21.6	1,486	22.1
Sixth Form Centre	44	3.8	258	3.8
Sixth Form College	40	3.4	212	3.2
Unknown	69	5.9	394	5.9
Grand Total	1,168	100.0	6,710	100.0

n=1,168 *n=6,710*

Almost a third (30.6%) of UK domiciled IB applicants applied from independent schools. Applicants applying from Other maintained schools accounted for just over a fifth of UK domiciled IB applicants (21.6%), whilst those applying from Grammar schools generated just 2.8% of applications.

Table 9.1b Applicants and Applications by School Type Non IB UK

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
Comprehensive School	107,138	24.2	572,678	29.3
Further/Higher Education	102,528	23.1	413,724	21.2
Grammar School	21,570	4.9	121,529	6.2
Independent School	35,727	8.1	197,926	10.1
Other	5,742	1.3	30,185	1.5
Other maintained	21,828	4.9	121,308	6.2
Sixth Form Centre	3,084	0.7	16,588	0.8
Sixth Form College	43,742	9.9	234,767	12.0
Unknown	102,103	23.0	244,251	12.5
Grand Total	443,462	100.0	1,952,956	100.0

n=443,462 *n=1,952,956*

Almost half of UK domiciled non IB applicants applied from Comprehensive schools and Further/Higher Education establishments (24.2% and 23.1% separately respectively). Whilst the proportion of IB applicants from Unknown centres was low (5.9%), for non IB applicants this rose to 23.0%. This ties in with the relatively large proportion of mature applicants in the non IB population as mature applicants are less likely to have been attending school or college prior to applying to HE.

Tables 9.2a and b show the data by school type broken down further into whether applicants received offers.

Table 9.2a Whether Applications Received Offers by School Type IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Comprehensive School	192	2.9	113	1.7
Further/Higher Education	714	10.6	287	4.3
Grammar School	117	1.7	59	0.9
Independent School	1,429	21.3	625	9.3

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Other	557	8.3	267	4.0
Other maintained	1,102	16.4	384	5.7
Sixth Form Centre	181	2.7	77	1.1
Sixth Form College	153	2.3	59	0.9
Unknown	250	3.7	144	2.1
Grand Total	4,695	70.0	2,015	30.0

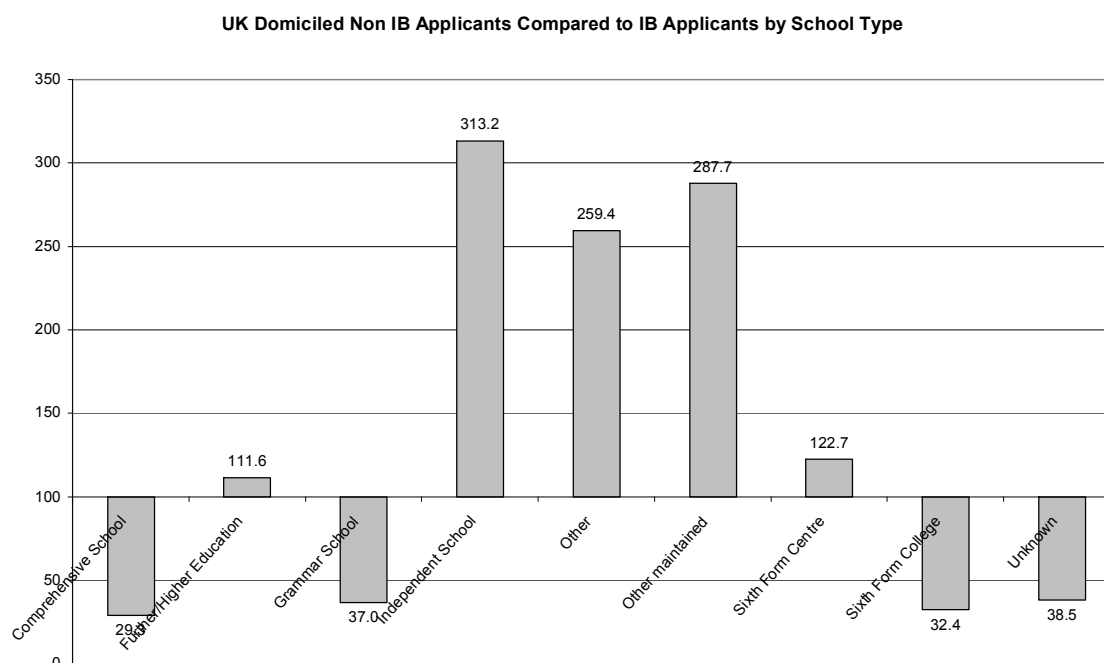
n=6,710

Table 9.2b Whether Applications Received Offers by School Type Non IB UK

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
Comprehensive School	419,286	21.5%	153,392	7.9%
Further/Higher Education	258,116	13.2%	155,608	8.0%
Grammar School	91,627	4.7%	29,902	1.5%
Independent School	138,265	7.1%	59,661	3.1%
Other	21,053	1.1%	9,132	0.5%
Other maintained	88,402	4.5%	32,906	1.7%
Sixth Form Centre	11,840	0.6%	4,748	0.2%
Sixth Form College	169,846	8.7%	64,921	3.3%
Unknown	115,886	5.9%	128,365	6.6%
Grand Total	1,314,321	67.3%	638,635	32.7%

n=1,952,956

Chart 9.1



Relative to IB applications receiving offers, IB applications were under represented in comprehensive schools, grammar schools, sixth form colleges and unknown.

Tables 9.3a and b look at accepted applicants by school type.

Table 9.3a Accepted Applicants by School Type IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Comprehensive School	41	3.5	4.1
Further/Higher Education	156	13.4	15.7
Grammar School	30	2.6	3.0
Independent School	302	25.9	30.4
Other	112	9.6	11.3
Other maintained	228	19.5	22.9
Sixth Form Centre	39	3.3	3.9
Sixth Form College	37	3.2	3.7
Unknown	50	4.3	5.0
Grand Total	995	85.2	100.0

*n=1,168**n=995*

For IB, mirroring the distribution of applicants, for those accepted almost a third applied from Independent schools. Those applying from Other maintained school accounted for just over a fifth of accepted applicants (22.9%).

Table 9.3b Accepted Applicants by School Type Non IB UK

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
Comprehensive School	91,791	20.7	25.6
Further/Higher Education	79,366	17.9	22.1
Grammar School	19,227	4.3	5.4
Independent School	31,533	7.1	8.8
Other	4,475	1.0	1.2
Other maintained	19,145	4.3	5.3
Sixth Form Centre	2,677	0.6	0.7
Sixth Form College	38,289	8.6	10.7
Unknown	72,746	16.4	20.2
Grand Total	359,249	81.0	100.0

*n=443,462**n=359,249*

For non IB applicants, those applying from Comprehensive schools and Further/Higher Education establishments accounted for almost half of accepted applicants. Those applying from Unknown school types accounted for just over a fifth.

Region

Table 10.1a gives the number of IB applicants and number of applications from IB applicants broken down by region.

Table 10.1a Applicants and Applications by Region IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
UK	1,168	25.4	6,710	25.8
EU	1,763	38.3	9,962	38.3
Non EU	1,668	36.3	9,352	35.9
Grand Total	4,599	100.0	26,024	100.0
	<i>n=4,599</i>		<i>n=26,024</i>	

38.3% of IB applicants were domiciled in the EU generating 38.3% of the total applications made by IB applicants. Those applicants domiciled outside the EU accounted for 36.3% of IB applicants and 35.9% of applications. These figures are illustrated in Chart 1.1 (page 12).

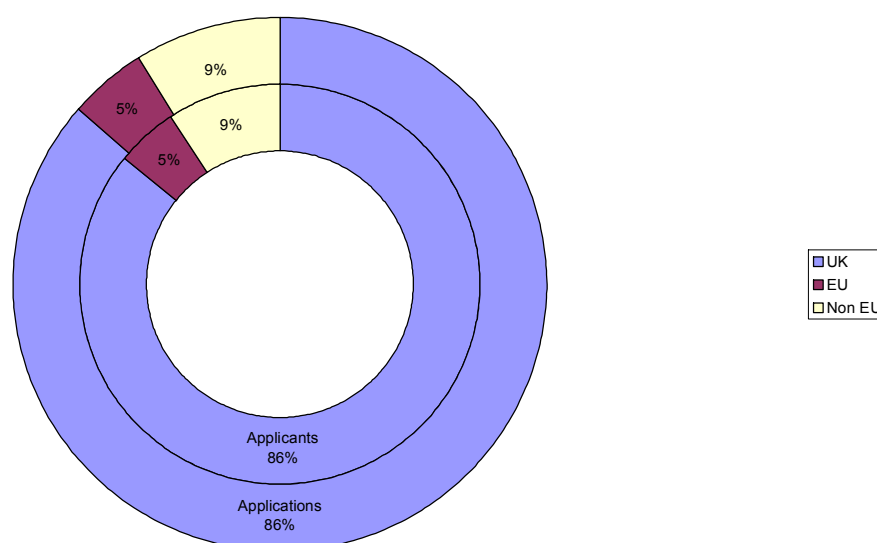
Table 10.1b Applicants and Applications by Region Non IB

	Applicants	% Applicants	Applications	% Applications
UK	443,462	85.7	1,952,956	86.4
EU	26,945	5.2	108,852	4.8
Non EU	47,149	9.1	197,764	8.8
Grand Total	517,556	100.0	2,259,572	100.0
	<i>n=517,556</i>		<i>n=2,259,572</i>	

In terms of domicile, there is a completely different distribution for non IB applicants compared to IB applicants as illustrated in Chart 10.1.

Chart 10.1

Non IB Applicants and Applications by Domicile



Tables 10.2a and b show the data by region broken down further into whether applicants received offers.

Table 10.2a Whether Applications Received Offers by Domicile IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
UK	4,695	18.0	2,015	7.7
EU	6,761	26.0	3,201	12.3
Non EU	6,850	26.3	2,502	9.6
Grand Total	18,306	70.3	7,718	29.7

n=26,024

Table 10.2b Whether Applications Received Offers by Domicile Non IB

	Received Offers		Unsuccessful	
	Applications	% Applications	Applications	% Applications
UK	1,314,321	58.2	638,635	28.3
EU	59,590	2.6	49,262	2.2
Non EU	112,913	5.0	84,851	3.8
Grand Total	1,486,824	65.8	772,748	34.2

n=2,259,572

The distribution of applicants across the regions is reflected in the proportion of applications which received offers between IB and non IB applicants. In the non IB population UK domiciled applicants were very much over represented compared to the IB population, as illustrated in Chart 10.2.

Chart 10.2

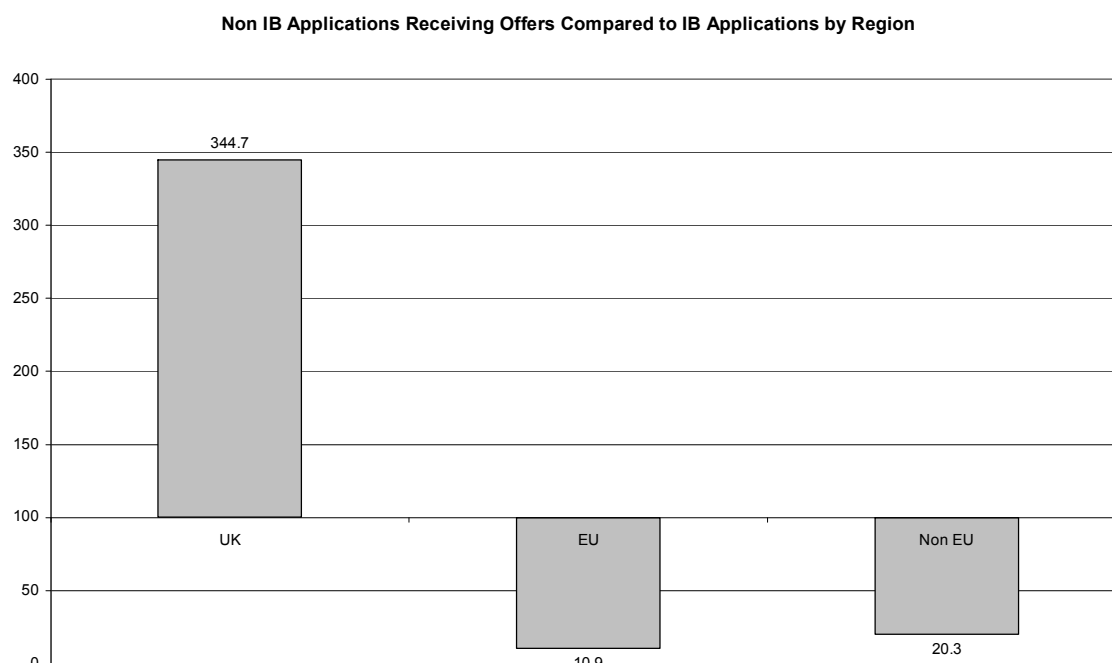


Table 10.3a Accepted Applicants by Region IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
UK	995	21.6	30.6
EU	1,239	26.9	38.1
Non EU	1,018	22.1	31.3
Grand Total	3,252	70.7	100.0

n=4,599

n=3,252

Reflecting the distribution of IB applicants, the greatest proportion of accepted applicants was accounted for by those domiciled in the EU (38.1%).

Table 10.3b Accepted Applicants by Region Non IB

	Accepted Applicants	% Applicants Accepted	% Accepted Applicants
UK	359,249	69.4	89.3
EU	16,008	3.1	4.0
Non EU	26,860	5.2	6.7
Grand Total	402,117	77.7	100.0

n=517,556 *n=402,117*

Non IB accepted applicants also reflect the base population of non IB applicants with 89.3% of accepted applicants domiciled in the UK.

Summary

Offers Data

25.4% of IB applicants were domiciled in the UK, 38.3% in the EU and 36.3% domiciled in non EU countries. Although 70.3% of applications from IB applicants received offers, those domiciled outside of the EU were the most successful with 73.2% of their applications receiving offers. 70.7% of IB applicants successfully gained a HE place through UCAS. Those IB applicants from the UK had the highest proportion of acceptances with 85.2% with those from non EU countries the lowest proportion with 61.0% applicants accepted.

Law and Management Studies were the most popular preferred subject lines for IB applicants. Considering preferred subject line by domicile, whilst Law, Management Studies, Medicine, Economics and Psychology all appeared in the top ten subject lines, UK domiciled IB applicants included arts and humanities in the top ten preferred subjects with those from EU and non EU countries including engineering.

88.8% of all IB applications to Mechanical Engineering received offers. The lowest proportion of offers received was for medicine with 83.2% of applications having an unsuccessful outcome. For applications to Law although 61.4% of all IB applications received offers, 72.9% of non EU applications received offers compared to 53.4% of EU applications. By using a Chi squared test, it was proved that this was statistically significant. A Chi squared test also confirmed that applications from IB applicants to Management Studies were treated differently in terms of receiving offers, dependent on where the applicant was domiciled. Applications to Medicine were also treated differently dependent on where the applicant was domiciled: 16.8% of all IB applications received offers, only 9.3% of EU IB applicants and 15.9% of Non EU IB applicants received offers compared to 28.5% of UK IB applications. Whilst this difference was statistically significant, it may be attributed to medical schools limiting the numbers of overseas students they are able to admit due to financial constraints.

50.9% of IB applications were to Pre-92 Universities/Russell Group institutions with 31.8% to other Pre-92 Universities. 59.0% of applications from non EU IB applicants were for Pre-92 Universities/Russell Group institutions. Of the 70.3% of applications from IB applicants receiving offers, 31.0% were from Pre-92 Universities/Russell Group institutions. Of all 70.7% IB applicants accepted, 49.6% were accepted by Pre-92 Universities/Russell Group institutions. Other Pre-92 Universities accepted a further 32.7% of IB applicants.

Profiling of IB and Non IB Applicants

Age

62.9% of all IB applicants were aged 18, for non IB applicants there was far more of a spread of age ranges with those aged 18 only accounting for 42.6%. There were similar proportions of those aged 19 in IB applicant populations (21.4%) and non IB applicant population (20.1%). 26.2% of non IB applicants were aged 21 or above compared to 0.4% of IB applicants. For those domiciled in non EU countries, 56.1% of IB applicants were aged 18 compared to only 16.5% of non IB applicants.

Gender

The proportion of male to female in both populations was very similar with 45.9% male applicants in IB and 45.7% male in non IB. The proportions of males and females accepted was also broadly similar between the two populations with 46.4% of male IB

applicants accepted and 46.5% of male non IB applicants accepted. However for non EU applicants 46.2% of IB applicants were male but for non IB applicants this rose to 58.0% males. This was reflected in the accepted applicants for non EU countries as 57.8% of accepted applicants were male.

Disability

97.1% of IB applicants had no disability and 95.1% of non IB applicants had no disability. Learning difficulties accounted for the highest proportion of applicants with disabilities for both IB and non IB applicants (2.0% and 2.6% respectively). 98.9% of non EU non IB applicants had no disability, a higher proportion than non EU IB applicants (97.9%). Amongst accepted applicants, those from the UK were more likely to have a disability with 95.8% IB accepted applicants and 94.5% non IB accepted applicants having no disability. With 98.1% of accepted IB applicants and 98.9% of accepted non IB applicants, those from non EU countries applicants were the least likely to have a disability.

Socio-economic Status

Compared to UK domiciled non IB applicants, UK domiciled IB applicants were over represented in the socio economic classes higher managerial and professional occupations and lower managerial and professional occupations and under represented in intermediate occupations, small employers and own account workers, lower supervisory and technical occupations, semi-routine occupations and routine occupations. This position is mirrored in applications receiving offers and accepted applicants.

Ethnicity

For those domiciled in the UK 78.6% of IB applicants and 76.4% of non IB applicants were White. There were higher proportions of applicants classing themselves as Asian (9.4%) and Black (5.2%) in the non IB population compared to the IB population (6.8% and 2.2% respectively). A slightly higher proportion of those classing themselves as Mixed was present in the IB population (6.1%) compared to the non IB population (2.6%). Compared to IB accepted applicants, non IB accepted were over represented amongst the Asian and Black ethnic groups and under represented in the Mixed ethnic group.

School Type

Almost a third of UK domiciled IB applicants applied from independent schools. Just under half UK domiciled non IB applicants applied from comprehensive and further/higher education establishments. Accepted applicants mirrored the base populations with almost a third of accepted IB applicants applying from independent schools and for non IB applicants almost half of accepted applicants were from further/higher education establishments.

Region

Applicants domiciled in the EU accounted for both 38.3% of IB applicants and 38.3% of applications made by IB applicants. Those applicants domiciled outside the EU accounted for 36.3% of IB applicants and 35.9% of applications. Of IB accepted applicants 38.1% were domiciled in the EU. The distribution of non IB applicants was completely different with 85.7% UK domiciled, 9.1% domiciled in non EU countries and 5.2% domiciled within the EU. This was mirrored in non IB accepted applicants with 89.3% of accepted applicants domiciled in the UK.

Offers and Acceptances

Applications from IB applicants were more successful, with 70.3% of applications receiving offers compared to 65.8% of non IB applications. In terms of gaining a HE place, IB applicants were less successful with 70.7% of applicants accepted compared to 77.7% of non IB applicants.

AMW

January 2006

Appendix A – Subject lines

A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine
A2 - Pre-clinical Dentistry
B1 - Anatomy, Physiology and Pathology
B2 - Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmacy
B3 - Complementary Medicine
B4 - Nutrition
B5 - Ophthalmics
B6 - Aural and Oral Sciences
B7 - Nursing
B8 - Medical Technology
B9 - Others in Subjects allied to Medicine
BB - Combinations within Subjects allied to Medicine
C0 - Biological Sciences: any area of study
C1 - Biology
C2 - Botany
C3 - Zoology
C4 - Genetics
C5 - Microbiology
C6 - Sports Science
C7 - Molecular Biology, Biophysics & Biochem
C8 - Psychology
C9 - Others in Biological Sciences
CC - Combinations within Biological Sciences
D0 - Vet Sci, Ag & related: any area of study
D1 - Pre-clinical Veterinary Medicine
D2 - Clinical Veterinary Medicine & Dentistry
D3 - Animal Science
D4 - Agriculture
D5 - Forestry
D6 - Food and Beverage studies
D7 - Agricultural Sciences
D9 - Others in Vet Sci, Ag & related subjects
DD - Combinations within Vet Sci, Ag & related subjects
F0 - Physical Sciences: any area of study
F1 - Chemistry
F2 - Materials Science
F3 - Physics
F4 - Forensic and Archaeological Science
F5 - Astronomy
F6 - Geology
F7 - Ocean Sciences
F8 - Physical & Terrestrial Geog & Env Sci
F9 - Others in Physical Sciences
FF - Combinations within Physical Sciences
G0 - Mathematical & Comp Sci: any area
G1 - Mathematics
G2 - Operational Research
G3 - Statistics
G4 - Computer Science
G5 - Information Systems
G6 - Software Engineering
G7 - Artificial Intelligence

G9 - Others in Mathematical & Computer Sci
GG - Combinations within Mathematical & Computer Sci
H0 - Engineering: any area of study
H1 - General Engineering
H2 - Civil Engineering
H3 - Mechanical Engineering
H4 - Aerospace Engineering
H5 - Naval Architecture
H6 - Electronic and Electrical Engineering
H7 - Production and Manufacturing Engineering
H8 - Chemical, Process and Energy Engineering
H9 - Others in Engineering
HH - Combinations within Engineering
J0 - Technologies: any area of study
J1 - Minerals Technology
J2 - Metallurgy
J3 - Ceramics and Glass
J4 - Polymers and Textiles
J5 - Materials Technology not otherwise spec
J6 - Maritime Technology
J7 - Industrial Biotechnology
J9 - Others in Technology
JJ - Combinations within Technology
K0 - Architecture, Build & Plan: any area
K1 - Architecture
K2 - Building
K3 - Landscape Design
K4 - Planning (Urban, Rural and Regional)
K9 - Others in Architecture, Build & Plan
KK - Combinations within Architecture, Build & Plan
L0 - Social Studies: any area of study
L1 - Economics
L2 - Politics
L3 - Sociology
L4 - Social Policy
L5 - Social Work
L6 - Anthropology
L7 - Human and Social Geography
L9 - Others in Social Studies
LL - Combinations within Social Studies
M0 - Law: any area of study
M1 - Law by Area
M2 - Law by Topic
M9 - Others in Law
MM - Combinations within Law
N0 - Business & Admin studies: any area
N1 - Business studies
N2 - Management studies
N3 - Finance
N4 - Accounting
N5 - Marketing
N6 - Human Resource Management
N7 - Office Skills
N8 - Tourism, Transport and Travel

N9 - Others in Business & Admin Studies
NN - Combinations within Business & Admin Studies
P1 - Information Services
P2 - Publicity studies
P3 - Media studies
P4 - Publishing
P5 - Journalism
P9 - Others in Mass Comms & Documentation
PP - Combinations within Mass Comms & Documentation
Q1 - Linguistics
Q2 - Comparative Literary studies
Q3 - English studies
Q4 - Ancient Language studies
Q5 - Celtic studies
Q6 - Latin studies
Q7 - Classical Greek studies
Q8 - Classical studies
Q9 - Others in Linguistics, Classics & related
QQ - Combinations within Linguistics, Classics & related
R0 - European Langs, Lit & related: any area
R1 - French studies
R2 - German studies
R3 - Italian studies
R4 - Spanish studies
R5 - Portuguese studies
R6 - Scandinavian studies
R7 - Russian and East European studies
R9 - Others in European Langs, Lit and related
RR - Combinations within European Langs, Lit and related
T1 - Chinese studies
T2 - Japanese studies
T3 - South Asian studies
T4 - Other Asian studies
T5 - African studies
T6 - Modern Middle-Eastern studies
T7 - American studies
T9 - Others in non European Langs & related
TT - Combinations within non European Langs & related
V0 - Hist & Philosophical studies: any area
V1 - History by Period
V2 - History by Area
V3 - History by Topic
V4 - Archaeology
V5 - Philosophy
V6 - Theology and Religious studies
V9 - Others in Hist & Philosophical studies
VV - Combinations within Hist & Philosophical studies
W0 - Creative Arts & Design: any area
W1 - Fine Art
W2 - Design studies
W3 - Music
W4 - Drama
W5 - Dance
W6 - Cinematics and Photography

W7 - Crafts
W8 - Imaginative Writing
W9 - Others in Creative Arts and Design
WW - Combinations within Creative Arts and Design
X1 - Training Teachers
X3 - Academic studies in Education
X9 - Others in Education
XX - Combinations within Education
Y Combs of arts/humanities
Y Combs of engin/tech/building studies
Y Combs of engineering/technology
Y Combs of languages
Y Combs of languages with arts/humanities
Y Combs of med/bio/agric sciences
Y Combs of med/bio/agric sciences with phys/math sciences
Y Combs of phys/math science with arts/humanities/languages
Y Combs of phys/math science with social studies/bus/law
Y Combs of phys/math sciences
Y Combs of science/engineering with arts/humanities/languages
Y Combs of science/engineering with social studies/bus/law
Y Combs of sciences with engineering/technology
Y Combs of soc studies/law
Y Combs of soc studies/law with business
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with arts/humanities
Y Combs of social studies/bus/law with languages
Z Combs of 3 subjects, or other general courses
Z No preferred subject line

Appendix B: Institution Types

FE College	The College of Agriculture, Food and Rural Enterprise
	Askham Bryan College
	Barking College
	Barony College
	Barnsley College
	Basingstoke College of Technology
	Bedford College
	Birmingham College of Food, Tourism & Creative Studies
	Bishop Burton College
	Blackpool and The Fylde College
	Bradford College
	Bridgwater College
	Bristol Filton College
	Brooklands College
	Brockenhurst College
	Broxtowe College, Nottingham
	Burton College
	Capel Manor College, Enfield, Middlesex
	Carmarthenshire College
	Carshalton College
	Chesterfield College
	Chichester College
	City College, Birmingham
	City of Bristol College
	City College Coventry
	City and Islington College
	City College Manchester
	City of Sunderland College
	Cleveland College of Art and Design
	Colchester Institute
	Cornwall College
	Craven College
	Croydon College
	Dearne Valley College
	Dewsbury College
	Doncaster College
	Dudley College of Technology
	Dunstable College
	Ealing, Hammersmith and West London College
	East Lancashire Institute of Higher Education
	East Surrey College
Exeter College	
Fareham College	
Farnborough College of Technology	
Glamorgan Centre for Art and Design Technology	
Gloucestershire College of Arts and Technology	
Great Yarmouth College	
Grimsby College	

Guildford College of Further and Higher Education
Halton College
Harper Adams University College
Havering College of Further and Higher Education
Herefordshire College of Technology
Herefordshire College of Art and Design
Henley College Coventry
Hertford Regional College
Highbury College
UHI Millennium Institute
Holborn College
Hopwood Hall College
Huddersfield Technical College
Hull College
Lakes College - West Cumbria
Lansdowne College
Leeds: Park Lane College
Leeds: Thomas Danby College
Leeds College of Art & Design
Leeds College of Music
Leicester College
Leo Baeck College - Centre for Jewish Education
Lewisham College
Lincoln College
Liverpool Community College
The Liverpool Institute for Performing Arts
Coleg Llandrillo Cymru
Loughborough College
Lowestoft College
Manchester College of Arts and Technology
Matthew Boulton College of Further and Higher Education
Coleg Menai
Mid-Cheshire College
Myerscough College
Neath Port Talbot College
Newcastle College
New College Durham
New College Nottingham
Newham College of Further Education
Newman College of Higher Education
The Norwich School of Art and Design
Northbrook College Sussex
NESCOT
The North East Wales Institute of Higher Education
North East Worcestershire College
North Tyneside College
Northumberland College
North Warwickshire and Hinckley College
Norton Radstock College
Norwich City College of Further and Higher Education

The Oldham College
Oxford and Cherwell College
Pembrokeshire College
Peninsula Medical School
The People's College Nottingham
Pershore Group of Colleges
Peterborough Regional College
Plymouth College of Art and Design
Ravensbourne College of Design and Communication
Reading College and School of Arts & Design
Richmond, The American International University in London
Rotherham College of Arts and Technology
Royal Agricultural College
Royal Academy of Dance
Royal Welsh College of Music and Drama (Coleg Brenhinol Cerdd A Drama Cymru)
Runshaw College
Ruskin College Oxford
Scottish Agricultural College
SAE Institute
Salisbury College
Sandwell College
Sheffield College
Shrewsbury College of Arts and Technology
Solihull College
Somerset College of Arts and Technology
South Birmingham College
South Devon College
Sparsholt College Hampshire
Southport College
Southwark College
South Cheshire College
South Downs College
South East Essex College
South Nottingham College
South Trafford College
South Leicestershire College
St Helens College
Stamford College
Stephenson College Coalville
Stratford upon Avon College
Stockport College of Further & Higher Education
Stourbridge College
Stranmillis University College
Strode College
Sutton Coldfield College
Swansea College
Swindon College
Tameside College
Totton College

	Uxbridge College
	Wakefield College
	Walsall College of Arts and Technology
	Warwickshire College, Royal Leamington Spa, Rugby and Moreton Morrell
	Welsh College of Horticulture
	College of West Anglia
	West Cheshire College
	West Herts College, Watford
	Weston College
	Westminster Kingsway College
	West Suffolk College
	West Thames College
	Weymouth College
	Wigan and Leigh College
	Wimbledon School of Art
	Witan Hall
	Wirral Metropolitan College
	Wiltshire College
	Worcester College of Technology
	Writtle College
	York College
	Yorkshire Coast College of Further and Higher Education
	Ystrad Mynach College
HE College	Bath Spa University College
	Bishop Grosseteste College
	Bolton Institute of Higher Education
	The Arts Institute at Bournemouth
	Buckinghamshire Chilterns University College
	Canterbury Christ Church University College
	Central School of Speech and Drama
	University College Chester
	University College Chichester
	Cumbria Institute of the Arts
	Dartington College of Arts
	Edge Hill College of Higher Education
	Edinburgh College of Art
	Falmouth College of Arts
	The Glasgow School of Art
	Kent Institute of Art and Design
	King Alfred's Winchester
	Leeds Trinity & All Saints
	Liverpool Hope University College
	University of the Arts London
	Marjon - The College of St Mark & St John
	University College Northampton
	Queen Margaret University College, Edinburgh
	Roehampton University of Surrey
	Rose Bruford College
	St Martin's College, Lancaster; Ambleside; Carlisle; London

	Southampton Institute
	St Mary's University College
	St Mary's College
	Suffolk College
	The Surrey Institute of Art and Design, University College
	Swansea Institute of Higher Education
	Trinity College Carmarthen
	Warrington Collegiate Institute
	University College Worcester
	York St John College
HEI Other	American InterContinental University - London
	Brighton and Sussex Medical School
	British College of Osteopathic Medicine
	British School of Osteopathy
	CECOS London College of IT and Management
	Cliff College
	European Business School, London
	European School of Osteopathy
	Greenwich School of Management
	Hull York Medical School
	Medway School of Pharmacy
	Regents Business School London
	Staffordshire University Regional Federation
Post-92 University	University of Abertay Dundee
	Anglia Polytechnic University
	Bell College
	Bournemouth University
	University of Brighton
	University of the West of England, Bristol
	University of Wales Institute, Cardiff
	University of Central England in Birmingham
	University of Central Lancashire
	Coventry University
	De Montfort University
	University of Derby
	University of East London
	University of Glamorgan
	Glasgow Caledonian University
	The University of Gloucestershire
	University of Greenwich
	University of Hertfordshire
	The University of Huddersfield
	Kingston University
	Leeds Metropolitan University
	University of Lincoln
	Liverpool John Moores University
	London Metropolitan University
	London South Bank University
	University of Luton
	The Manchester Metropolitan University

	Middlesex University
	Napier University, Edinburgh
	University of Wales, Newport
	Northumbria University
	The Nottingham Trent University
	Oxford Brookes University
	University of Paisley
	University of Plymouth
	University of Portsmouth
	The Robert Gordon University
	Sheffield Hallam University
	Staffordshire University
	University of Sunderland
	University of Teesside
	Thames Valley University
	University of Ulster
	University of Westminster
	University of Wolverhampton
Pre-92 University	The University of Aberdeen
	The University of Wales, Aberystwyth
	Aston University
	University of Wales, Bangor
	University of Bath
	The University of Bradford
	The British Institute in Paris (University of London)
	Brunel University
	The University of Buckingham
	City University
	Courtauld Institute of Art (University of London)
	University of Dundee
	The University of Durham
	University of East Anglia
	The University of Essex
	University of Exeter
	Goldsmiths College (University of London)
	Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh
	Heythrop College (University of London)
	The University of Hull
	Keele University
	The University of Kent
	The University of Wales, Lampeter
	Lancaster University
	University of Leicester
	Loughborough University
	Queen Mary, University of London
	Queen's University Belfast
	The University of Reading
	Royal Holloway, University of London
	Royal Veterinary College (University of London)
	The University of Salford

	School of Oriental and African Studies (University of London)
	The School of Pharmacy (University of London)
	University of St Andrews
	St George's Hospital Medical School (University of London)
	The University of Stirling
	The University of Strathclyde
	University of Surrey
	University of Sussex
	University of Wales Swansea
	The University of York
Pre-92 University/Russell group	The University of Birmingham
	University of Bristol
	University of Cambridge
	Cardiff University
	The University of Edinburgh
	University of Glasgow
	Imperial College London (University of London)
	King's College London (University of London)
	University of Leeds
	The University of Liverpool
	London School of Economics and Political Science (University of London)
	The University of Manchester
	University of Newcastle upon Tyne
	The University of Nottingham
	Oxford University
	The University of Sheffield
	University of Southampton
	University College London (University of London)
	The University of Warwick

Appendix C

Whether Received Offer by Region

M1 - Law by Area

Observed	Received Offer	Unsuccessful	Total
UK	238	204	442
EU	546	221	767
Non EU	571	158	729
Total	1355	583	1938

Degrees of Freedom = 2

Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	309	133
EU	536	231
Non EU	510	219

Observed-Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	-71	71
EU	10	-10
Non EU	61	-61

Observed-Expected ²	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	5046	5046
EU	95	95
Non EU	3758	3758

Observed-Expected ² /Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful	Total
UK	16.3	37.9	54.3
EU	0.2	0.4	0.6
Non EU	7.4	17.1	24.5
Chi Squared			79.4

N2 – Management Studies

Observed	Received Offer	Unsuccessful	Total
UK	160	66	226
EU	546	221	767
Non EU	571	158	729
Total	1277	445	1722

Degrees of Freedom = 2

Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	167.6	58.4
EU	568.8	198.2
Non EU	540.6	188.4

Observed-Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	-7.6	7.6
EU	-22.8	22.8
Non EU	30.4	-30.4

Observed-Expected ²	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	57.7	57.7
EU	519.5	519.5
Non EU	923.5	923.5

Observed-Expected ² /Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful	Total
UK	0.3	1.0	1.3
EU	0.9	2.6	3.5
Non EU	1.7	4.9	6.6
Chi Squared			11.5

A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine

Observed	Received Offer	Unsuccessful	Total
UK	72	181	253
EU	31	302	333
Non EU	81	430	511
Total	184	913	1097

Degrees of Freedom = 2

Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	42.4	210.6
EU	55.9	277.1
Non EU	85.7	425.3

Observed-Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	29.6	-29.6
EU	-24.9	24.9
Non EU	-4.7	4.7

Observed-Expected ²	Received Offer	Unsuccessful
UK	874.0	874.0
EU	617.7	617.7
Non EU	22.2	22.2

Observed-Expected ² /Expected	Received Offer	Unsuccessful	Total
UK	20.6	4.2	24.7
EU	11.1	2.2	13.3
Non EU	0.3	0.1	0.3
Chi Squared			38.3

Whether Accepted by Region

A1 - Pre-clinical Medicine

Observed	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants	Total
UK	53	9	62
EU	26	53	79
Non EU	61	66	127
Total	140	128	268

Degrees of freedom=2

Expected	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants
UK	32.4	29.6
EU	41.3	37.7
Non EU	66.3	60.7

Observed-Expected	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants
UK	20.6	-20.6
EU	-15.3	15.3
Non EU	-5.3	5.3

Observed-Expected ²	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants
UK	424.9	424.9
EU	233.1	233.1
Non EU	28.6	28.6

Observed-Expected ² /Expected	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants	Total
UK	13.1	14.3	27.5
EU	5.6	6.2	11.8
Non EU	0.4	0.5	0.9
Chi Squared			40.2

C8 – Psychology

Observed	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants	Total
UK	47	6	53
EU	49	19	68
Non EU	14	23	37
Total	110	48	158

Degrees of freedom=2

Expected	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants
UK	36.9	16.1
EU	47.3	20.7
Non EU	25.8	11.2

Observed-Expected	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants
UK	10.1	-10.1
EU	1.7	-1.7
Non EU	-11.8	11.8

Observed-Expected ²	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants
UK	102.0	102.0
EU	2.7	2.7
Non EU	138.3	138.3

Observed-Expected ² /Expected	Accepted Applicants	Unsuccessful Applicants	Total
UK	2.8	6.3	9.1
EU	0.1	0.1	0.2
Non EU	5.4	12.3	17.7
Chi Squared			27.0