



IB AFRICA, EUROPE & MIDDLE EAST REGIONAL CONFERENCE 2013



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#### "LEADING ACROSS CULTURES: THE IB APPROACH"

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## What is teaching?

- The act of teaching has been described as both an art (Parini, 2005; Jorgensen, 2008; Palmer, 2008) and a science (Cameron, 1910; Palmer, 1979; Gray, 1983), and as both art and science (Mazarno, 2007).
- Teaching is a highly complex activity. Not only is each learner unique (Bullough, 2011), but so is each teacher.







## What is effective teaching?

- Berliner (2005) argues that it is nearly impossible to adequately measure teacher quality
- Tend to focus on upper echelons of the phenomenon







## **Quality teaching**

- "Good teachers" (Moore, 2004);
- "Accomplished teachers" (Winsconsin DPI, 2009);
- "Excellent and advanced skills teachers" (DFE, England, 2005);
- "Value-adding teachers" (Hanushek, 2010; Rosenkvist, 2010; Exstrom, 2010; Toch, 2011).







#### Reflection

- 1. Are there any differences between an IB teacher and a non-IB teacher?
- 2. What changes, if any, have you experienced since becoming an IB teacher?
- 3. What excites you most about being an IB teacher?







#### Aim of the research

- The study examines the beliefs and practices of International Baccalaureate teachers.
- to improve understanding of the essential skills, perspectives and practices pertinent to an IB Teacher.
- To help promote reflection and discussion about effective teaching within a variety of disciplines, contexts, and cultures.



#### Methodology

#### A mixed methods design:

Online Survey (quantitative and qualitative analysis)

Teaching Perspectives Inventory (TPI) (Collins & Pratt, 2003)

- Focus Groups (qualitative analysis)
- Content Analysis







## **Instruments: Online Survey (TPI)**

**Online Survey** Sent to 14,407 IB teachers. Complete responses were received from 3,194 participants.

	Frequency	Percent
Gender		
Female	2251	70.5
Male	942	29.5
Highest Degree		
Bachelor	990	31
Masters	1516	47.5
Believe Difference Exists Between IB		
Teachers and Non-IB Teachers		
No	593	18.6
Yes	2027	63.5
No answer	574	18
Programme/Level of Instruction		
PYP	906	28.4
MYP	677	21.2
DP	1563	48.9





#### 45\_

#### **Instruments: Online Survey**

**Teaching Perspectives Inventory**: 45-item inventory that assesses orientation to teaching and profiles participants using 5 perspectives.

Description of each perspective (Pratt, Collins & Sellinger, 2001)

Transmission:	Transmission teachers have strong content commitment, teacher's primary
	responsibility to represent the content accurately and effectively for learners.
Apprenticeship:	Effective teaching is a process of enculturating learners into a set of social norms
	and ways of working.
Developmental:	The primary goal is to help learners develop increasingly complex and
	sophisticated cognitive structures for comprehending the content.
Nurturing:	Effective teaching assumes that long-term, hard, persistent effort to achieve
	comes from the heart, as well as the head.
Social Reform:	Effective teaching seeks to change society in substantive ways. From this point
	of view, the object of teaching is the collective rather than the individual.



This image is a poll's place holder.
Enter slide show mode (F5) to view your live poll.

You can resize this image to resize where your poll will load in slide show mode.

Make sure you've installed the PollEv Presenter app (pollev.com/app) and are connected to the internet!

If you need to duplicate this poll make sure to copy/paste the entire slide (not just the place holder image).



# **Online Survey Findings: TPI**

The average IB teacher profile

- dominant in Nurturing
- 'back up' Apprenticeship and Developmental perspectives







## The IB population

- IB teachers at higher programme levels (MYP) or DP) are much more Transmission-focused
- IB teachers at the PYP level are more Nurturing
- Higher Social Reform (especially females)







# **Online Survey Findings: TPI**

Comparison to the sample

 When the IB TPI scores are compared to the norms of other K-12 teachers (21,660 in the TPI database) the IB teachers are in at least the <u>60<sup>th</sup> percentile</u> on Social Reform, <u>Developmental</u>, <u>Apprenticeship</u>, and Transmission.







#### The IB teacher profile



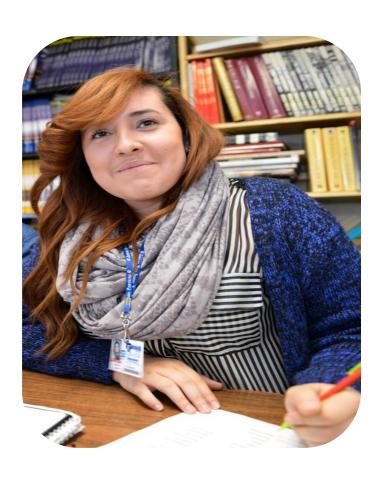
If there was an IB TEACHER PROFILE, what do you consider to be 5 to 10 critical attributes that should be included? Work in groups to create a statement to describe what value the IB teacher adds.







## Pedagogical attributes



- Inquiry
- Global
- Whole student
- Connections
- Social responsibility
- Creative
- Flexible







## **IB** teacher professional



Whole – student, inquiry-based instruction for the purpose of creating global citizens who have a social responsibility







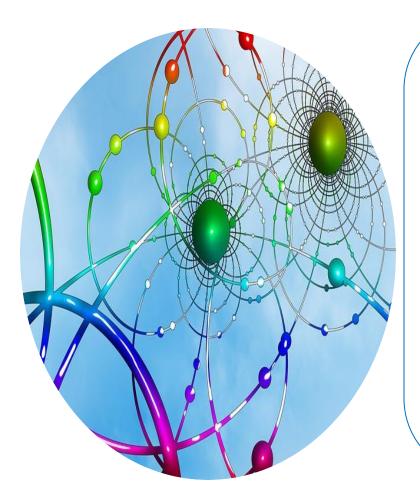
# Which perspectives and attributes should be present in effective IB leaders?







# What is leadership?



"Leadership is essentially about designing, managing and energizing the right connections, and untying the wrong ones, in order to make schools successful, equitable, happier places."

Allan Walker, Hong Kong Institute of Education







#### IB framework of leadership practice

#### DOMAINS OF KNOWLEDGE

- 1. Curriculum design and implementation
- 2. Instructional design
- 3. Curriculum articulation and coherence
- 4. IB Assessment strategy, policy and practice
- 5. Reporting and feedback
- 6. Evaluating learning

Students and

their learning

#### **DOMAINS OF KNOWLEDGE**

- 1. Partnerships, networks and alliances
- 2. Participation and involvement
- 3. External relations and communications
- 4. The legal and political environment
- 5. School parent relationships

#### IB World School Authorization

KEY PROCESSES

**EVALUATION** 

INNOVATION

IMPROVEMENT

SUSTAINABILITY

#### **CONTEXTUAL LEVELS**

Professional relationships & behaviours that support learning Schools as learning focused organizations Working within the wider IB community to support learning Programme Implementation

#### **DOMAINS OF KNOWLEDGE**

- 1. Creating learning communities
- 2. Professional development planning and policy
- 3. Developing leadership capacity
- 4. Team building and deployment
- 5. Appraisal and performance

#### DOMAINS OF KNOWLEDGE

- 1. Philosophy and mission
- 2. Strategic planning
- 3. Policy development

- 4. Organizational structure and roles
- 5. Culture and ethos
- 6. Resources and infrastructure







#### Leadership

How useful is the research data for school leaders

 How could you use this sort of data in your school?









http://www.teachingperspectives.com/drupal/





# Thank you!

#### Resources:

- <a href="http://www.ibo.org/research/">http://www.ibo.org/research/</a> (website with released studies)
- <a href="http://research.ibo.org">http://research.ibo.org</a> (IERD)
- <a href="http://blogs.ibo.org/positionpapers/">http://blogs.ibo.org/positionpapers/</a> (position papers)
- Q:\Schools Division\Research\Public\Programme Impact
- Regional newsletters, Coordinators' Notes, OCC, etc.

Email: research@ibo.org



